

**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP54415****Specification**

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**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q13477</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MAdCAM1
Epitope Specificity	85-180/382
Isotype	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	
affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Membrane.
SIMILARITY	Contains 2 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domains.
SUBUNIT	Contains 2 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domains.
Post-translational modifications	The Ser/Thr-rich mucin-like domain may provide possible sites for O-glycosylation (By similarity).
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions**

The recirculation of lymphocytes through different organs is thought to be regulated by adhesion molecules recognizing tissue-specific vascular addressins on the endothelium. The mucosal vascular addressin, MadCAM-1 (mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule 1), is an immunoglobulin superfamily adhesion molecule for lymphocytes that is expressed by mucosal venules and helps direct lymphocyte traffic into Peyer's patches and the intestinal lamina propria. MadCAM-1 acts as an endothelial cell ligand for leukocyte homing receptors L-Selectin and Integrin Alpha 4/Beta 7. MadCAM-1 is strongly expressed on inflamed portal vein/sinusoidal endothelium in autoimmune-mediated liver disease and plays a major contributory role in the progression of chronic experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis.

**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID 8174****Other Names**

Mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule 1, MAdCAM-1, hMAdCAM-1, MADCAM1

**Target/Specificity**

Highly expressed on high endothelial venules (HEV) and lamina propria venules found in the small intestine, and to a lesser extent in the colon and spleen. Very low levels of expression found in pancreas and brain. Not expressed in the thymus, prostate, ovaries, testis, heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney or peripheral blood leukocytes.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~N/A  
IHC-F~~N/A  
IF~~1:50~200  
ICC~~N/A  
E~~N/A

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** MADCAM1

**Function**

Cell adhesion leukocyte receptor expressed by mucosal venules, helps to direct lymphocyte traffic into mucosal tissues including the Peyer patches and the intestinal lamina propria. It can bind both integrin alpha-4/beta-7 and L-selectin, regulating both the passage and retention of leukocytes. Isoform 2, lacking the mucin-like domain, may be specialized in supporting integrin alpha-4/beta-7-dependent adhesion strengthening, independent of L-selectin binding.

**Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed on high endothelial venules (HEV) and lamina propria venules found in the small intestine, and to a lesser extent in the colon and spleen. Very low levels of expression found in pancreas and brain. Not expressed in the thymus, prostate, ovaries, testis, heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney or peripheral blood leukocytes.

**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**MAdCAM1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**