

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP54442**Specification**

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P78545
Reactivity	Rat, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	41 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ESE1
Epitope Specificity	201-300/371
Isotype	IgG
Purity	
affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Localizes to the cytoplasm where it has been shown to transform MCF-12A mammary epithelial cells via a novel cytoplasmic mechanism. Also transiently expressed and localized to the nucleus where it induces apoptosis in non-transformed breast epithelial cells MCF-10A and MCF-12A via a transcription-dependent mechanism.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the ETS family. Contains 1 ETS DNA-binding domain. Contains 1 PNT (pointed) domain.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with TBP. Interacts with CREBBP and EP300; these act as transcriptional coactivators of ELF3 and positively modulate its function. Interacts with XRCC5/KU86 and XRCC6/KU70; these inhibit the ability of ELF3 to bind DNA and negatively modulate its transcriptional activity. Associated with CLND7 and POU2F3.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

ESE-1, a member of the Ets family of transcription factors, critically regulates epithelial cell differentiation and mediates vascular inflammation. ESE-1 is strongly expressed in vascular endothelium and smooth muscle cells where it is induced in response to inflammatory cytokines and lipopolysaccharides, interacts with NF-KappaB to induce nitric oxide synthase, and is induced

during terminal differentiation of epidermal and primary keratinocytes. In addition, ESE-1 is upregulated upon differentiation of corneal epithelium and interacts with Sp1 and AP-1 proteins to induce squamous differentiation marker expression in bronchial epithelial cells.

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1999

Other Names

ETS-related transcription factor Elf-3, E74-like factor 3, Epithelial-restricted with serine box, Epithelium-restricted Ets protein ESX, Epithelium-specific Ets transcription factor 1, ESE-1, ELF3 ([HGNC:3318](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=3318))

Target/Specificity

Expressed exclusively in tissues containing a high content of terminally differentiated epithelial cells including mammary gland, colon, trachea, kidney, prostate, uterus, stomach and skin.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000<br \>IHC-P~~N/A<br \>IHC-F~~N/A<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>ICC~~N/A<br \>E~~N/A

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name ELF3 ([HGNC:3318](#))

Function

Transcriptional activator that binds and transactivates ETS sequences containing the consensus nucleotide core sequence GGA[AT]. Acts synergistically with POU2F3 to transactivate the SPRR2A promoter and with RUNX1 to transactivate the ANGPT1 promoter. Also transactivates collagenase, CCL20, CLND7, FLG, KRT8, NOS2, PTGS2, SPRR2B, TGFBR2 and TGM3 promoters. Represses KRT4 promoter activity. Involved in mediating vascular inflammation. May play an important role in epithelial cell differentiation and tumorigenesis. May be a critical downstream effector of the ERBB2 signaling pathway. May be associated with mammary gland development and involution. Plays an important role in the regulation of transcription with TATA-less promoters in preimplantation embryos, which is essential in preimplantation development (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00237, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10391676, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15169914, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17060315} Note=Localizes to the cytoplasm where it has been shown to transform MCF-12A mammary epithelial cells via a novel cytoplasmic mechanism Also transiently expressed and localized to the nucleus where it induces apoptosis in non-transformed breast epithelial cells MCF-10A and MCF-12A via a transcription-dependent mechanism

Tissue Location

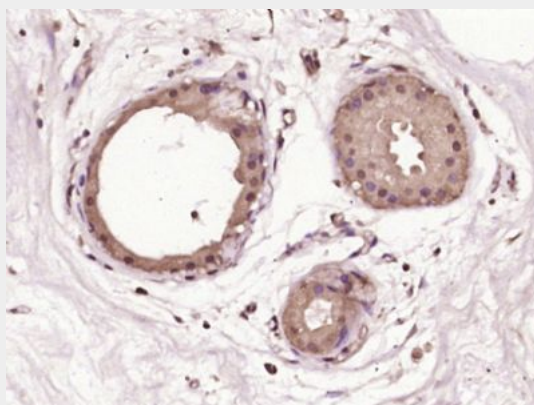
Expressed exclusively in tissues containing a high content of terminally differentiated epithelial cells including mammary gland, colon, trachea, kidney, prostate, uterus, stomach and skin

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

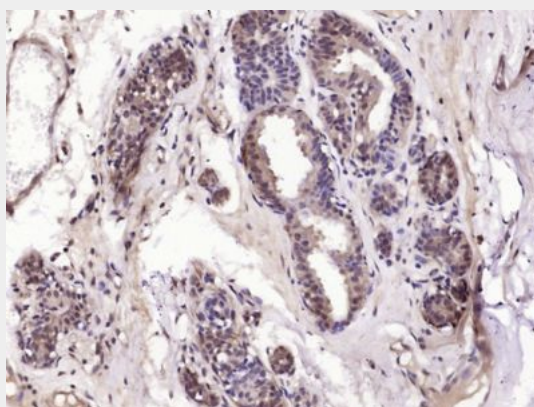
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ESE1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human breast); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ESE1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-11279R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human breast carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ESE1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-11279R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C,

followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.