

CRBN Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP54605**Specification****CRBN Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Application | IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E |
| Primary Accession | Q96SW2 |
| Reactivity | Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 51 KDa |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Immunogen | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CRBN |
| Epitope Specificity | 210-288/442 |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purity | |
| affinity purified by Protein A | |
| Buffer | 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| SUBCELLULAR LOCATION | Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein |
| SIMILARITY | Belongs to the CRBN family. |
| SUBUNIT | Interacts with KCNT1 (By similarity). Component of a DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) protein ligase complex, at least composed of CRBN, CUL4A, DDB1 and RBX1. |
| Post-translational modifications | Ubiquitinated, ubiquitination is mediated by its own DCX protein ligase complex. |
| DISEASE | Defects in CRBN are the cause of mental retardation autosomal recessive type 2A (MRT2A) [MIM:607417]. MRT2A patients display mild mental retardation with a standard IQ ranged from 50 to 70. IQ scores are lower in males than females. Developmental milestones are mildly delayed. There are no dysmorphic or autistic features. Non-syndromic mental retardation patients do not manifest other clinical signs. |
| Important Note | This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. |

Background Descriptions

CRBN is a 442 amino acid protein which is highly concentrated in human brain tissue. CRBN functions are thought to be related to energy metabolism, learning and memory. Localized to the cytoplasm, CRBN acts as a protease in mitochondria and is thought to regulate the assembly of KCNT1, as well as the surface expression of KCNT1 in brain regions known to affect memory and learning, such as the hippocampus. The gene encoding CRBN belongs to a family of

ATP-dependent ion proteases that play a role in membrane trafficking and proteolysis. Defects in the CRBN gene are associated with mild mental retardation.

CRBN Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51185

Other Names

Protein cereblon, CRBN

Target/Specificity

Widely expressed. Highly expressed in brain.

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A
IHC-F~~N/A
IF~~1:50~200
E~~N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

CRBN Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CRBN

Function

Substrate recognition component of a DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 protein ligase complex that mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins, such as MEIS2, ILF2 or GLUL (PubMed:26990986, PubMed:33009960). Normal degradation of key regulatory proteins is required for normal limb outgrowth and expression of the fibroblast growth factor FGF8 (PubMed:20223979, PubMed:24328678, PubMed:25043012, PubMed:25108355). Maintains presynaptic glutamate release and consequently cognitive functions, such as memory and learning, by negatively regulating large-conductance calcium-activated potassium (BK) channels in excitatory neurons (PubMed:18414909, PubMed:29530986). Likely to function by regulating the assembly and neuronal surface expression of BK channels via its interaction with KCNT1 (PubMed:18414909). May also be involved in regulating anxiety-like behaviors via a BK channel-independent mechanism (By similarity). Plays a negative role in TLR4 signaling by interacting with TRAF6 and ECSIT, leading to inhibition of ECSIT ubiquitination, an important step of the signaling (PubMed:31620128).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

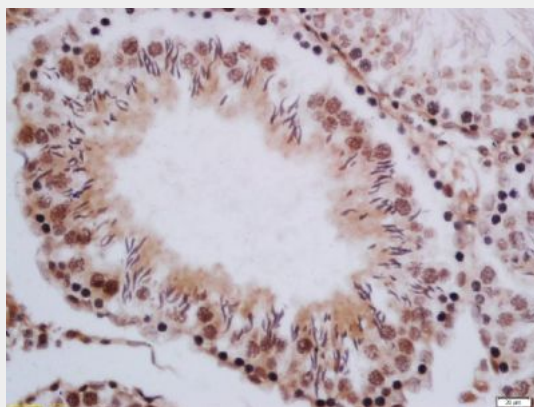
Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Highly expressed in brain.

CRBN Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

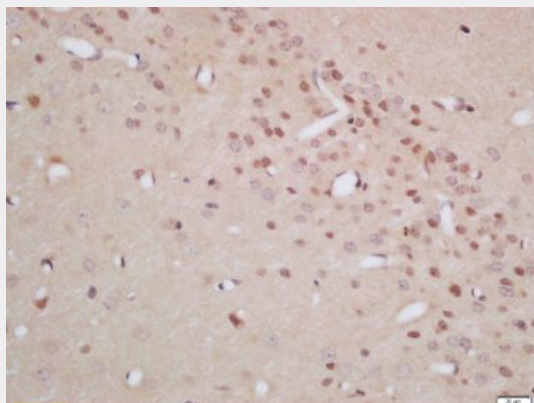
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

CRBN Polyclonal Antibody - Images

Tissue/cell: rat testis tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

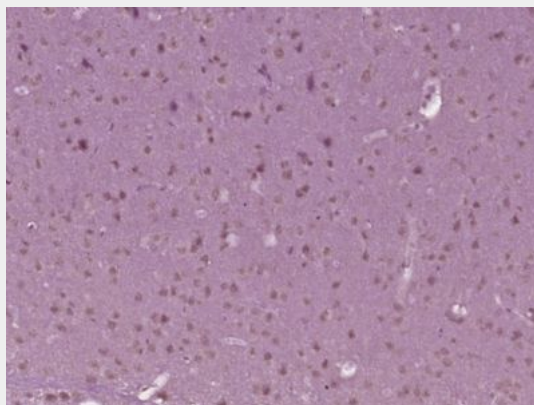
Incubation: Anti-CRBN Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-11716R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-CRBN Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-11716R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (CRBN) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-11716R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.