

Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP54703

Specification

Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State
P30989
Rabbit
Polyclonal
46 KDa
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NTR1/Neurotensin Receptor 1

Epitope Specificity 188-290/418

Isotype IgG

Purity

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane

protein.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor

1 family. Neurotensin receptor subfamily.

NTSR1 sub-subfamily.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for

research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

affinity purified by Protein A

Neurotensin (NT) initiates an intracellular response by interacting with the G protein-coupled receptors NTR1 (NTS1 receptor, high affinity NTR) and NTR2 (NTS2 receptor, levocabastine-sensitive Neurotensin receptor), and the type I receptor NTR3 (NTS3 receptor, sortilin-1, Gp95). Neurotensin has a wide distribution in regions of the brain and in peripheral tissues where Neuro-tensin receptors can contribute to hypotension, hyperglycemia, hypothermia, antinociception and regulation of intestinal motility and secretion. HL-60 cells express NTR1, which can couple to Gq, Gi/o, or Gs. Alternative splicing of rat NTR2 can generate a five-transmembrane domain variant isoform that is co-expressed with the full-length NTR2 throughout the brain and spinal cord. NTR3 activation in the murine microglial cell line N11 induces MIP-2, MCP-1, IL-1b and TNFa in an ERK1/2- and Akt kinase-dependent manner.

Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4923

Other Names

Neurotensin receptor type 1, NT-R-1, NTR1, High-affinity levocabastine-insensitive neurotensin receptor, NTRH, NTSR1, NTRR



Dilution

WB~~1:1000<br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200 <br \> E~~N/A

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name NTSR1

Synonyms NTRR

Function

G-protein coupled receptor for the tridecapeptide neurotensin (NTS) (PubMed:21725197, PubMed:23140271, PubMed:8381365). Signaling is effected via G proteins that activate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. Signaling leads to the activation of downstream MAP kinases and protects cells against apoptosis (PubMed:21725197).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane raft. Note=Palmitoylation is required for localization at CAV1-enriched membrane rafts

Tissue Location

Expressed in prostate (at protein level). Detected in colon and peripheral blood mononuclear cells. Detected at very low levels in brain.

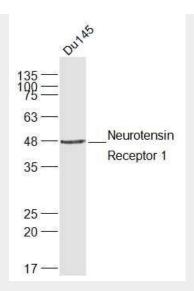
Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Neurotensin Receptor 1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



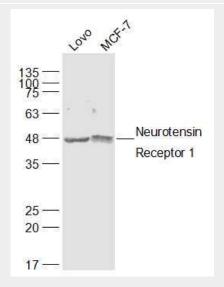


Sample:

DU145(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-Neurotensin Receptor 1 (bs-12002R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 46 kD Observed band size: 46 kD



Sample:

LOVO(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug MCF-7(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-Neurotensin Receptor 1 (bs-12002R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 46 kD Observed band size: 46 kD