

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54794

Specification

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession Q8TB72

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 114 KDa Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

laG

from Human Pumilio 2

Epitope Specificity 901-1066/1066

Isotype
Purity
affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm (Probable). Cytoplasmic granule

(By similarity). Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Note=The cytoplasmic granules are stress granules which are a dense

stress granules which are a dense aggregation in the cytosol composed of proteins and RNAs that appear when the cell is under stress. Co-localizes with NANOS3 in the stress granules (By similarity). Co-localizes with NANOS1 and

SNAPIN in the perinuclear region of germ cells.

SIMILARITY Contains 1 PUM-HD domain. Contains 8

pumilio repeats.

SUBUNIT Homodimer; homodimerizes in vitro.
Interacts with DAZ, DAZL and NANOS1 via

interacts with DAZ, DAZL and NANOSI

its pumilio repeats. Binds to a RNA

consensus sequence, that is related to the Nanos Response Element (NRE), a 16 bp sequence found in the 3'-UTR of the Drosophila hb mRNA. Also binds to the

NRE. Interacts with NANOS3 (By similarity). Interacts with SNAPIN. This product as supplied is intended for

research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

Important Note

Pumilio 2 is a sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that regulates translation and mRNA stability by binding mRNA targets. It supports proliferation and self-renewal of stem cells by regulating the translation of key transcripts. The Pumilio gene encodes proteins that are required for



development of germ stem cells in one or both sexes. The Pumilio protein interacts with the human Nanos1 protein and this interaction may play a conserved role in germ cell development. Pumilio 2 is highly expressed in testis and ovary and at lower levels in brain, heart, kidney, liver, muscle, placenta, intestine and stomach. It is also expressed in stem cells, germ cells and in most fetal tissues.

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 23369

Other Names

Pumilio homolog 2, Pumilio-2, PUM2, KIAA0235, PUMH2

Target/Specificity

Expressed in male germ cells of adult testis (at protein level). Highly expressed in testis and ovary. Predominantly expressed in stem cells and germ cells. Expressed at lower level in brain, heart, kidney, liver, muscle, placenta, intestine and stomach Expressed in cerebellum, corpus callosum, caudate nucleus, hippocampus, medulla oblongata and putamen. Expressed in all fetal tissues tested.

Dilution

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<span class ="dilution_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution_E">E~~N/A</span>
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Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name PUM2

Synonyms KIAA0235, PUMH2

Function

Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that acts as a post- transcriptional repressor by binding the 3'-UTR of mRNA targets. Binds to an RNA consensus sequence, the Pumilio Response Element (PRE), 5'- UGUANAUA-3', that is related to the Nanos Response Element (NRE) (, PubMed:21397187). Mediates post-transcriptional repression of transcripts via different mechanisms: acts via direct recruitment of the CCR4-POP2-NOT deadenylase leading to translational inhibition and mRNA degradation (PubMed:22955276). Also mediates deadenylation- independent repression by promoting accessibility of miRNAs (PubMed:18776931, PubMed:22345517). Acts as a post-transcriptional repressor of E2F3 mRNAs by binding to its 3'-UTR and facilitating miRNA regulation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22345517"



target="_blank">22345517). Plays a role in cytoplasmic sensing of viral infection (PubMed:25340845). Represses a program of genes necessary to maintain genomic stability such as key mitotic, DNA repair and DNA replication factors. Its ability to repress those target mRNAs is regulated by the IncRNA NORAD (non-coding RNA activated by DNA damage) which, due to its high abundance and multitude of PUMILIO binding sites, is able to sequester a significant fraction of PUM1 and PUM2 in the cytoplasm (PubMed:26724866). May regulate DCUN1D3 mRNA levels (PubMed:25349211/a>). May support proliferation and self-renewal of stem cells. Binds specifically to miRNA MIR199A precursor, with PUM1, regulates miRNA MIR199A expression at a postranscriptional level (PubMed:28431233/a>).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasmic granule. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Note=The cytoplasmic granules are stress granules which are a dense aggregation in the cytosol composed of proteins and RNAs that appear when the cell is under stress. Colocalizes with NANOS3 in the stress granules Colocalizes with NANOS1 and SNAPIN in the perinuclear region of germ cells.

Tissue Location

Expressed in male germ cells of adult testis (at protein level). Highly expressed in testis and ovary. Predominantly expressed in stem cells and germ cells. Expressed at lower level in brain, heart, kidney, liver, muscle, placenta, intestine and stomach Expressed in cerebellum, corpus callosum, caudate nucleus, hippocampus, medulla oblongata and putamen. Expressed in all fetal tissues tested

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Pumilio 2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images