

**HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP54811**

**Specification**

**HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UJC3</a>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	85 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from Human HOOK1
Epitope Specificity	551-650/728
Isotype	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes to the spermatid manchette during spermiogenesis but is not present in mature spermatozoa. Localizes to punctate cytoplasmic foci which do not appear to overlap with early or late endosomes, the endoplasmic reticulum, the Golgi complex, multivesicular bodies (MVBs), lysosomes, or mitochondria. Often found in close association with microtubules.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the hook family.
SUBUNIT	Self-associates. Component of the FTS/Hook/FHIP complex (FHF complex), composed of AKTIP/FTS, FAM160A2, and one or more members of the Hook family of proteins HOOK1, HOOK2, and HOOK3. May interact directly with AKTIP/FTS, HOOK2 and HOOK3. Associates with several subunits of the homotypic vesicular sorting complex (the HOPS complex) including VPS16, VPS18, VPS39 and VPS41; these interactions may be indirect. Interacts with microtubules.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions**

Microtubules mediate the spatial organization of diverse membrane-trafficking systems. The HOOK

proteins, HOOK1, HOOK2 and HOOK3, comprise a family of cytosolic coiled-coil proteins that contain conserved N-terminal domains, which attach to microtubules; and more divergent C-terminal domains, which mediate binding to organelles. HOOK1, a cytoskeletal linker protein, may play a role in endocytic membrane trafficking. It exists as a homodimer, most likely mediated through its central coiled-coil domain. HOOK1 interacts with VPS18 and is required for spermatid differentiation, in which it is most likely involved in the positioning of the manchette microtubules and the flagellum. HOOK1 localizes primarily to the cytoplasm and does not associate with the Golgi complex, unlike HOOK3, which participates in the organization of the cis-Golgi compartment.

## HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

### Gene ID 51361

#### Other Names

Protein Hook homolog 1, h-hook1, hHK1, HOOK1

#### Dilution

<span class ="dilution\_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_E">E~~N/A</span>

#### Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

### Name HOOK1 ([HGNC:19884](#))

#### Function

Component of the FTS/Hook/FHIP complex (FHF complex) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18799622" target="\_blank">18799622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32073997" target="\_blank">32073997</a>). The FHF complex may function to promote vesicle trafficking and/or fusion via the homotypic vesicular protein sorting complex (the HOPS complex) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18799622" target="\_blank">18799622</a>). FHF complex promotes the distribution of AP-4 complex to the perinuclear area of the cell (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32073997" target="\_blank">32073997</a>). Required for spermatid differentiation. Probably involved in the positioning of the microtubules of the manchette and the flagellum in relation to the membrane skeleton (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Localizes to punctate cytoplasmic foci which do not appear to overlap with early or late endosomes, the endoplasmic reticulum, multivesicular bodies (MVBs), lysosomes, or mitochondria (By similarity). Often found in close association with microtubules (By similarity). Does not associate with the Golgi complex. During spermiogenesis, it localizes to the manchette in spermatids from steps 8-10. It is also present between the microtubule manchette and the nucleus. During manchette elongation, it is preferentially localized to the nuclear ring of the manchette, whereas the strong localization to the manchette decreases. In more mature spermatids, while the manchette migrates posteriorly, it localizes to punctuate spots. At later stages of spermatid differentiation, the punctuate expression pattern is found at

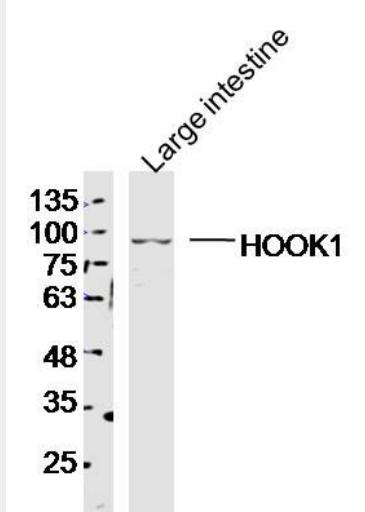
both the attachment site and the proximal end of the elongated manchette. In contrast, it is not present in mature spermatozoa (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8BIL5}

## HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## HOOK1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Sample: Large intestine (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug  
Primary: Anti-HOOK1 (bs-12287R) at 1/300 dilution  
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution  
Predicted band size: 85 kDa  
Observed band size: 85 kDa