

Inversin Polyclonal Antibody Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54852

## **Specification**

# Inversin Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E <u>O9Y283</u> Rat, Chimpanzee, Bovine Rabbit Polyclonal 117826

### **Inversin Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 27130

Other Names Inversin, Inversion of embryo turning homolog, Nephrocystin-2, INVS, INV, NPHP2

Dilution <span class ="dilution\_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage** Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

### **Inversin Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name INVS

Synonyms INV, NPHP2

#### Function

Required for normal renal development and establishment of left-right axis. Probably acts as a molecular switch between different Wnt signaling pathways. Inhibits the canonical Wnt pathway by targeting cytoplasmic disheveled (DVL1) for degradation by the ubiquitin- proteasome. This suggests that it is required in renal development to oppose the repression of terminal differentiation of tubular epithelial cells by Wnt signaling. Involved in the organization of apical junctions in kidney cells together with NPHP1, NPHP4 and RPGRIP1L/NPHP8 (By similarity). Does not seem to be strictly required for ciliogenesis (By similarity).



### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Nucleus. Cell projection, cilium Note=Associates with several components of the cytoskeleton including ciliary, random and polarized microtubules. During mitosis, it is recruited to mitotic spindle. Frequently membrane-associated, membrane localization is dependent upon cell-cell contacts and is redistributed when cell adhesion is disrupted after incubation of the cell monolayer with low-calcium/EGTA medium

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed. Strongly expressed in the primary cilia of renal tubular cells.

# **Inversin Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

**Inversin Polyclonal Antibody - Images** 



Tissue/cell: mouse lymph nodes; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-Inversin Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-12437R) 1:500, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining





## Sample:

A549(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug HL60(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug Siha(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug K562(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug Primary: Anti- Inversin (bs-12437R) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 118 kD Observed band size: 118 kD