

COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP55366

Specification

COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat, Bovine
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State

Q9P299
Rat, Bovine
Rabbit
Polyclonal
24 KDa
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

laG

from human COPZ2

Epitope Specificity 151-210/210

Purity
affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane;

Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle; COPI-coated vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note: The coatomer is cytoplasmic or polymerized on the cytoplasmic side of the Golgi, as well as on the vesicles/buds originating from it. This product as supplied is intended for

Important Note

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

This gene encodes a subunit of the coatomer protein complex, a seven-subunit complex that functions in the formation of COPI-type, non-clathrin-coated vesicles. COPI vesicles function in the retrograde Golgi-to-ER transport of dilysine-tagged proteins. This gene is similar to a related family member, and the two encoded proteins form distinct isotypes of the coatomer protein complex. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51226

Other Names

Coatomer subunit zeta-2, Zeta-2-coat protein, Zeta-2 COP, COPZ2

Dilution

WB~~1:1000<br \><span class</pre>



="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A<br \>IHC-F~~N/A<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>ICC~~N/A<br \>E~~N/A

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name COPZ2

Function

The coatomer is a cytosolic protein complex that binds to dilysine motifs and reversibly associates with Golgi non-clathrin- coated vesicles, which further mediate biosynthetic protein transport from the ER, via the Golgi up to the trans Golgi network. Coatomer complex is required for budding from Golgi membranes, and is essential for the retrograde Golgi-to-ER transport of dilysine-tagged proteins. The zeta subunit may be involved in regulating the coat assembly and, hence, the rate of biosynthetic protein transport due to its association-dissociation properties with the coatomer complex.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic reticulum- Golgi intermediate compartment membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle, COPI-coated vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=The coatomer is cytoplasmic or polymerized on the cytoplasmic side of the Golgi, as well as on the vesicles/buds originating from it. Shows a significant preference for ERGIC and cis-Golgi apparatus compared with trans-Golgi network.

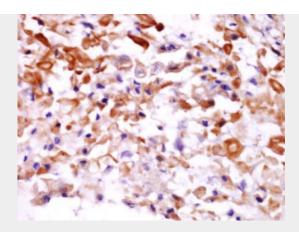
COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





Tissue/cell: human laryngocarcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-COPZ2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-13983R) 1:400, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining