



DDOST Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55465

Specification

DDOST Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State

Immunogen

Epitope Specificity

Isotype **Purity**

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION

SIMILARITY

SUBUNIT

DISEASE

IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

P39656

Rat, Dog, Bovine

Rabbit Polyclonal 43 KDa Liquid

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human DDOST/AGER1

361-456/456

laG

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Database links.

Belongs to the DDOST 48 kDa subunit

family.

Component of the

oligosaccharyltransferase (OST) complex. OST seems to exist in different forms which contain at least RPN1, RPN2, OST48, DAD1, OSTC, KRTCAP2 and either STT3A or STT3B. OST can form stable complexes with the Sec61 complex or with both the Sec61 and TRAP complexes even after

release from the ribosome.

Congenital disorder of glycosylation 1R

(CDG1R) [MIM:614507]: A multisystem disorder caused by a defect in glycoprotein biosynthesis and characterized by under-glycosylated serum glycoproteins.

Congenital disorders of glycosylation result in a wide variety of clinical features, such as defects in the nervous system development, psychomotor retardation,

dysmorphic features, hypotonia,

coagulation disorders, and

immunodeficiency. The broad spectrum of features reflects the critical role of N-glycoproteins during embryonic

development, differentiation, and



Important Note

maintenance of cell functions. Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

This gene encodes a component of the oligosaccharyltransferase complex which catalyzes the transfer of high-mannose oligosaccharides to asparagine residues on nascent polypeptides in the lumen of the rough endoplasmic reticulum. The protein complex co-purifies with ribosomes. The product of this gene is also implicated in the processing of advanced glycation endproducts (AGEs), which form from non-enzymatic reactions between sugars and proteins or lipids and are associated with aging and hyperglycemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

DDOST Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1650

Other Names

Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase 48 kDa subunit, DDOST 48 kDa subunit, Oligosaccharyl transferase 48 kDa subunit, DDOST, KIAA0115, OST48

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200<br \> ICC~~N/A<br \> E~~N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

DDOST Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name DDOST (HGNC:2728)

Synonyms KIAA0115, OST48

Function

Subunit of the oligosaccharyl transferase (OST) complex that catalyzes the initial transfer of a defined glycan (Glc(3)Man(9)GlcNAc(2) in eukaryotes) from the lipid carrier dolichol-pyrophosphate to an asparagine residue within an Asn-X-Ser/Thr consensus motif in nascent polypeptide chains, the first step in protein N-glycosylation (PubMed:31831667). N-glycosylation occurs cotranslationally and the complex associates with the Sec61 complex at the channel-forming translocon complex that mediates protein translocation across the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). All subunits are required for a maximal enzyme activity (By similarity). Required for the assembly of both SST3A- and SS3B-containing OST complexes (PubMed:22467853/a>).



Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q29381}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q29381}

DDOST Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

DDOST Polyclonal Antibody - Images