

Catalog # AP55509

DGCR8 Polyclonal Antibody Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

## Specification

# DGCR8 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E <u>O8WYO5</u> Rat, Chimpanzee Rabbit Polyclonal 86045

## **DGCR8** Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 54487

Other Names

Microprocessor complex subunit DGCR8, DiGeorge syndrome critical region 8, DGCR8, C22orf12, DGCRK6

Dilution <span class ="dilution\_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_E">E~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</spa

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage** Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

# **DGCR8** Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name DGCR8

Synonyms C22orf12, DGCRK6

### Function

Component of the microprocessor complex that acts as a RNA- and heme-binding protein that is involved in the initial step of microRNA (miRNA) biogenesis. Component of the microprocessor complex that is required to process primary miRNA transcripts (pri-miRNAs) to release precursor miRNA (pre-miRNA) in the nucleus. Within the microprocessor complex, DGCR8 function as a molecular anchor necessary for the recognition of pri-miRNA at dsRNA-ssRNA junction and directs DROSHA to cleave 11 bp away form the junction to release hairpin-shaped pre-miRNAs that are



subsequently cut by the cytoplasmic DICER to generate mature miRNAs (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26027739" target=" blank">26027739</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26748718" target=" blank">26748718</a>). The hemebound DGCR8 dimer binds pri-miRNAs as a cooperative trimer (of dimers) and is active in triggering pri-miRNA cleavage, whereas the heme-free DGCR8 monomer binds pri-miRNAs as a dimer and is much less active. Both double-stranded and single-stranded regions of a pri-miRNA are required for its binding (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15531877" target=" blank">15531877</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15574589" target=" blank">15574589</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15589161" target="\_blank">15589161</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16751099" target=" blank">16751099</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16906129" target=" blank">16906129</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16963499" target=" blank">16963499</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17159994" target=" blank">17159994</a>). Specifically recognizes and binds N6-methyladenosine (m6A)-containing pri-miRNAs, a modification required for pri-miRNAs processing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25799998" target=" blank">25799998</a>). Involved in the silencing of embryonic stem cell self-renewal (By similarity). Also plays a role in DNA repair by promoting the recruitment of RNF168 to RNF8 and MDC1 at DNA double- strand breaks and subsequently the clearance of DNA breaks (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34188037" target=" blank">34188037</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Note=Colocalizes with nucleolin and DROSHA in the nucleolus. Mostly detected in the nucleolus as electron-dense granular patches around the fibrillar center (FC) and granular component (GC). Also detected in the nucleoplasm as small foci adjacent to splicing speckles near the chromatin structure. Localized with DROSHA in GW bodies (GWBs), also known as P-bodies (PubMed:17159994)

**Tissue Location** Ubiquitously expressed.

### **DGCR8 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

DGCR8 Polyclonal Antibody - Images