

#### **EXDL1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55659

#### **Specification**

## **EXDL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW Physical State Immunogen Epitope Specificity Isotype <b>Purity</b> affinity purified by Protein A	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC <u>Q8NHP7</u> Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine Rabbit Polyclonal 58 KDa Liquid KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human EXDL1 101-200/514 IgG
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the EXD1 family. Contains 1 3'-5' exonuclease domain.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	

EXDL1 is a 514 amino acid protein that belongs to the EXD1 family and contains one 3'-5' exonuclease domain. Existing as two alternatively spliced isoforms, the gene encoding EXDL1 maps to human chromosome 15q15.1 and mouse chromosome 2 E5. Encoding more than 700 genes, chromosome 15 is made up of approximately 106 million base pairs and is about 3% of the human genome. Angelman and Prader-Willi syndromes are associated with loss of function or deletion of genes in the 15q11-q13 region. In the case of Angelman syndrome, this loss is due to inactivity of the maternal 15q11-q13 encoded UBE3A gene in the brain by either chromosomal deletion or mutation. In cases of Prader-Willi syndrome, there is a partial or complete deletion of this region from the paternal copy of chromosome 15.

### **EXDL1** Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

### Gene ID 161829

**Other Names** piRNA biogenesis protein EXD1, Exonuclease 3'-5' domain-containing protein 1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:28507}, Exonuclease 3'-5' domain-like-containing protein 1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:28507}, Inactive exonuclease EXD1, EXD1, EXDL1

**Dilution** <span class ="dilution\_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class



="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span>

#### Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **EXDL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name EXD1

Synonyms EXDL1

#### Function

RNA-binding component of the PET complex, a multiprotein complex required for the processing of piRNAs during spermatogenesis. The piRNA metabolic process mediates the repression of transposable elements during meiosis by forming complexes composed of piRNAs and Piwi proteins and governs the methylation and subsequent repression of transposable elements, preventing their mobilization, which is essential for the germline integrity (By similarity). The PET complex is required during the secondary piRNAs metabolic process for the PIWIL2 slicing-triggered loading of PIWIL4 piRNAs. In the PET complex, EXD1 probably acts as an RNA adapter. EXD1 is an inactive exonuclease (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:H9IUR0}. Note=Component of the meiotic nuage, also named P granule, a germ-cell- specific organelle required to repress transposon activity during meiosis. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:H9IUR0}

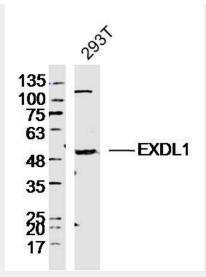
# **EXDL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

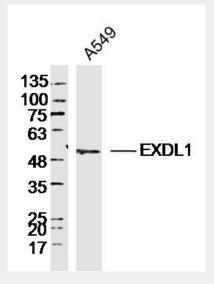
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

EXDL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



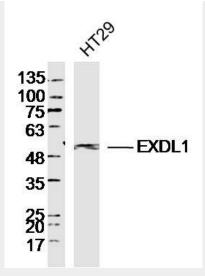


Sample: 293T (Human)Cell Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti-EXDL1(bs-14656R)at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 58 kD Observed band size: 58 kD

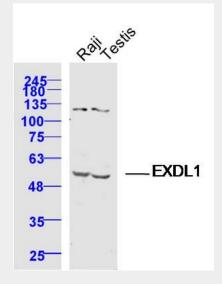


Sample: A549 (Human) Cell Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti-EXDL1(bs-14656R)at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 58 kD Observed band size: 52 kD



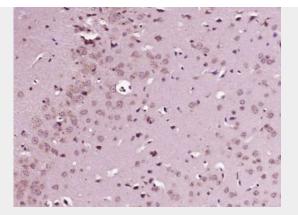


Sample:HT29 (Human) Cell Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti-EXDL1(bs-14656R)at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 58 kD Observed band size: 58 kD



Sample: Raji Cell (Human) Lysate at 40 ug Testis (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti-EXDL1 (bs-14656R) at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 58 kD Observed band size: 58 kD





Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (EXDL1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-14656R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.