

## **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP56376

# **Specification**

## **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC
P14373
Rat, Bovine
Rabbit
Polyclonal
58490

# **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 5987**

#### **Other Names**

Zinc finger protein RFP, 2.3.2.27, RING finger protein 76, RING-type E3 ubiquitin transferase TRIM27, Ret finger protein, Tripartite motif-containing protein 27, TRIM27, RFP, RNF76

#### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

#### **Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name TRIM27 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:22128329, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:9975}

## **Function**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination of various substrates and thereby plays a role in diffent processes including proliferation, innate immunity, apoptosis, immune response or autophagy (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22829933" target="\_blank">22829933</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24144979" target="\_blank">24144979</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29688809" target="\_blank">29688809</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36111389" target="\_blank">36111389</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36111389" target="\_blank">36111389</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36111389" target="\_blank">36111389</a>, Ubiquitinates PIK3C2B and inhibits its activity by mediating the formation of 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitin chains; the function inhibits CD4 T-cell activation. Acts as a regulator of retrograde transport: together with MAGEL2, mediates the formation of 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains at 'Lys-220' of WASHC1, leading to promote endosomal F-actin assembly (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23452853" target="\_blank">23452853</a>,). Has a transcriptional repressor activity by cooperating with EPC1. Induces apoptosis by activating Jun N-terminal kinase and p38 kinase and also increases caspase-3-like activity independently of mitochondrial events. May function in male germ cell development. Has DNA-binding activity and preferentially bound to double-stranded DNA. Forms a



complex with and ubiquitinates the ubiquitin-specific protease USP7, which in turn deubiquitinates RIPK1 resulting in the positive regulation of TNF-alpha-induced apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24144979" target="\_blank">24144979</a>). In addition, acts with USP7 or PTPN11 as an inhibitor of the antiviral signaling pathway by promoting kinase TBK1 ubiquitination and degradation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26358190" target="\_blank">26358190</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29688809" target="\_blank">29688809</a>). Acts as a negative regulator of NOD2 signaling by mediating ubiquitination of NOD2, promoting its degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22829933" target="\_blank">22829933</a>). Alternatively, facilitates mitophagy via stabilization of active TBK1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36111389"

target="\_blank">36111389</a>). Negatively regulates autophagy flux under basal conditions by directly polyubiquitinating ULK1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35670107" target="\_blank">35670107</a>). During starvation-induced autophagy, catalyzes non-degradative ubiquitination of the kinase STK38L promoting its activation and phosphorylation of ULK1 leading to its ubiquitination and degradation to restrain the amplitude and duration of autophagy (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35670107" target="blank">35670107</a>).

## **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, PML body. Early endosome. Mitochondrion. Note=Nuclear or cytoplasmic depending on the cell type (By similarity). Colocalized with PML and EIF3S6 in nuclear bodies. Recruited to retromer-containing endosomes via interaction with MAGEL2 (PubMed:23452853). Co-localizes with p62/SQSTM1 and TBK1 in cytoplasmic structures that are closely associated with the mitochondria (PubMed:36111389). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23452853, ECO:0000269|PubMed:36111389}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in testis namely within the seminiferous tubules.

# **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **TRIM27 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**