

### **KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP56404

#### **Specification**

### **KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession

Host

Clonality

Calculated MW

Physical State

O43908

Rabbit

Polyclonal

18 KDa

Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human KLRC4

Epitope Specificity 51-150/158

lsotype lgG

Purity

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Membrane.

SUBUNIT Can form disulfide-bonded heterodimer

with CD94.

Important Note

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

# **Background Descriptions**

affinity purified by Protein A

Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that can mediate lysis of certain tumor cells and virus-infected cells without previous activation. They can also regulate specific humoral and cell-mediated immunity. NK cells preferentially express several calcium-dependent (C-type) lectins, which have been implicated in the regulation of NK cell function. This gene is a member of the NKG2 group of genes that are expressed primarily in natural killer (NK) cells. These family members encode transmembrane proteins that are characterized by a type II membrane orientation (have an extracellular C-terminus) and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. This family member is located within the NK complex, a region that contains several C-type lectin genes preferentially expressed in NK cells. Read-through transcription exists between this gene and the downstream KLRK1 (killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K, member 1) family member. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010]

# **KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 8302** 

**Other Names** 

NKG2-F type II integral membrane protein, NK cell receptor F, NKG2-F-activating NK receptor, KLRC4. NKG2F

Target/Specificity



Natural killer cells.

#### **Dilution**

<span class ="dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \> <span class ="dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \> <span class ="dilution\_E">E~~N/A</span>

#### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

# **Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

# **KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name KLRC4

**Synonyms NKG2F** 

#### **Function**

May play a role as a receptor for the recognition of MHC class I HLA-E molecules by NK cells.

#### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

### **Tissue Location**

Natural killer cells.

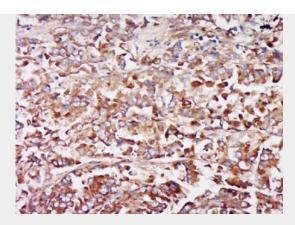
### **KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





Tissue/cell: human lung carcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-KLRC4 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-16782R) 1:500, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining