

KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP56471

Specification

KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat, Bovine
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State
P24390
Rat, Bovine
Rabbit
Polyclonal
25 KDa
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human KDEL Receptor

151-212/212

IgG

Epitope Specificity

Isotype **Purity**

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasmic vesicle, COPI-coated vesicle

membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane;

Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment

membrane.

SIMILARITY
SUBUNIT

Belongs to the ERD2 family.
Upon ligand binding the receptor

oligomerizes and interacts with

components of the transport machinery

such as ARFGAP1 and ARF1.

Post-translational modifications Phosphorylation by PKA at Ser-209 is

required for endoplasmic reticulum

retention function.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for

research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

Retention of resident soluble proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) is achieved in both yeast and animal cells by their continual retrieval from the cis-Golgi, or a pre-Golgi compartment. Sorting of these proteins is dependent on a C-terminal tetrapeptide signal, usually lys-asp-glu-leu (KDEL) in animal cells, and his-asp-glu-leu (HDEL) in S. cerevisiae. This process is mediated by a receptor that recognizes, and binds the tetrapeptide-containing protein, and returns it to the ER. In yeast, the sorting receptor encoded by a single gene, ERD2, which is a seven-transmembrane protein. Unlike yeast, several human homologs of the ERD2 gene, constituting the KDEL receptor gene family, have been described. The protein encoded by this gene was the first member of the family to be identified, and it encodes a protein structurally and functionally similar to the yeast ERD2 gene product.



KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10945

Other Names

ER lumen protein-retaining receptor 1, KDEL endoplasmic reticulum protein retention receptor 1, KDEL receptor 1, Putative MAPK-activating protein PM23, KDELR1, ERD2.1

Dilution

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<span class ="dilution_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class ="dilution_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class ="dilution_E">E~~N/A</span>
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Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name KDELR1

Synonyms ERD2.1

Function

Receptor for the C-terminal sequence motif K-D-E-L that is present on endoplasmic reticulum resident proteins and that mediates their recycling from the Golgi back to the endoplasmic reticulum.

Cellular Location

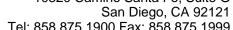
Golgi apparatus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P33946}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, COPI-coated vesicle membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P33946}. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P33946}. Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P33946}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P33946} Note=Localized in the Golgi in the absence of bound proteins with the sequence motif K-D-E-L. Trafficks back to the endoplasmic reticulum together with cargo proteins containing the sequence motif K-D-E-L

KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry







- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

KDEL Receptor Polyclonal Antibody - Images