

OGDH Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP56804

Specification

OGDH Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Application | IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E |
| Primary Accession | Q02218 |
| Reactivity | Pig, Bovine |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 111 KDa |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Immunogen | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human OGDH |
| Epitope Specificity | 931-1023/1023 |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purity | |
| affinity purified by Protein A | |
| Buffer | 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| SUBCELLULAR LOCATION | Mitochondrion matrix. |
| SIMILARITY | Belongs to the alpha-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase family. |
| Important Note | This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. |

Background Descriptions

This gene encodes one subunit of the 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex. This complex catalyzes the overall conversion of 2-oxoglutarate (alpha-ketoglutarate) to succinyl-CoA and CO(2) during the Krebs cycle. The protein is located in the mitochondrial matrix and uses thiamine pyrophosphate as a cofactor. A congenital deficiency in 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase activity is believed to lead to hypotonia, metabolic acidosis, and hyperlactatemia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

OGDH Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4967

Other Names

2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial, 1.2.4.2, 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex component E1, OGDC-E1, Alpha-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase, OGDH ([HGNC:8124](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=8124))

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A
IHC-F~~N/A

=["dilution_IF">IF~1:50~200<br \>ICC~N/A<br \>E~N/A](#)

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

OGDH Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name OGDH ([HGNC:8124](#))

Function

2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase (E1o) component of the 2- oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex (OGDHC) (PubMed:[24495017](#) target="_blank">24495017, PubMed:[25210035](#) target="_blank">25210035, PubMed:[28435050](#) target="_blank">28435050). Participates in the first step, rate limiting for the overall conversion of 2-oxoglutarate to succinyl-CoA and CO(2) catalyzed by the whole OGDHC (PubMed:[24495017](#) target="_blank">24495017, PubMed:[25210035](#) target="_blank">25210035, PubMed:[28435050](#) target="_blank">28435050). Catalyzes the irreversible decarboxylation of 2-oxoglutarate (alpha-ketoglutarate) via the thiamine diphosphate (ThDP) cofactor and subsequent transfer of the decarboxylated acyl intermediate on an oxidized dihydrolipoyl group that is covalently amidated to the E2 enzyme (dihydrolipoyllysine-residue succinyltransferase or DLST) (PubMed:[24495017](#) target="_blank">24495017, PubMed:[25210035](#) target="_blank">25210035, PubMed:[28435050](#) target="_blank">28435050, PubMed:[35272141](#) target="_blank">35272141). Plays a key role in the Krebs (citric acid) cycle, which is a common pathway for oxidation of fuel molecules, including carbohydrates, fatty acids, and amino acids (PubMed:[25210035](#) target="_blank">25210035). Can catalyze the decarboxylation of 2-oxoadipate in vitro, but at a much lower rate than 2-oxoglutarate (PubMed:[28435050](#) target="_blank">28435050). Mainly active in the mitochondrion (PubMed:[29211711](#) target="_blank">29211711). A fraction of the 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex also localizes in the nucleus and is required for lysine succinylation of histones: associates with KAT2A on chromatin and provides succinyl-CoA to histone succinyltransferase KAT2A (PubMed:[29211711](#) target="_blank">29211711).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion. Nucleus. Note=Mainly localizes in the mitochondrion. A small fraction localizes to the nucleus, where the 2- oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex is required for histone succinylation.

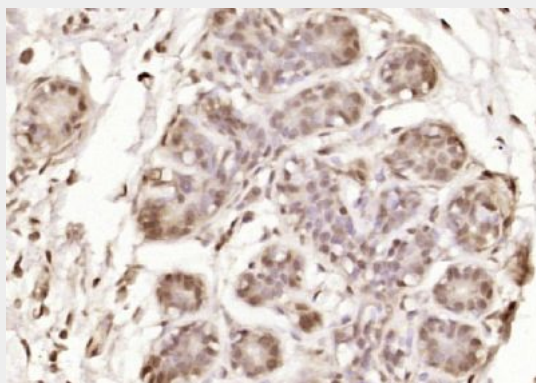
OGDH Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)

- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

OGDH Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human breast); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (OGDH) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-17710R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.