

HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP56941**Specification****HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P54652
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	70 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human HSPA2
Epitope Specificity	451-550/639
Isotype	IgG
Purity	
affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the heat shock protein 70 family.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with ZNF541. Component of the CatSper complex. Interacts with RABL2/RABL2A; binds preferentially to GTP-bound RABL2. Interacts with FKBP6.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 3306**Other Names**

Heat shock-related 70 kDa protein 2, Heat shock 70 kDa protein 2, HSPA2

Dilution

WB~~1:1000<br \>IHC-P~~N/A<br \>IHC-F~~N/A<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>ICC~~N/A<br \>E~~N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name HSPA2

Function

Molecular chaperone implicated in a wide variety of cellular processes, including protection of the proteome from stress, folding and transport of newly synthesized polypeptides, activation of proteolysis of misfolded proteins and the formation and dissociation of protein complexes. Plays a pivotal role in the protein quality control system, ensuring the correct folding of proteins, the re-folding of misfolded proteins and controlling the targeting of proteins for subsequent degradation. This is achieved through cycles of ATP binding, ATP hydrolysis and ADP release, mediated by co-chaperones. The affinity for polypeptides is regulated by its nucleotide bound state. In the ATP-bound form, it has a low affinity for substrate proteins. However, upon hydrolysis of the ATP to ADP, it undergoes a conformational change that increases its affinity for substrate proteins. It goes through repeated cycles of ATP hydrolysis and nucleotide exchange, which permits cycles of substrate binding and release (PubMed:26865365). Plays a role in spermatogenesis. In association with SHCBP1L may participate in the maintenance of spindle integrity during meiosis in male germ cells (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P17156}. Note=Colocalizes with SHCBP1L at spindle during the meiosis process. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P17156}

HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

HSPA2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images