

MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP57207

Specification

MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Dog, Bovine
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Robbit
Tolyclonal
Tolyclonal
Tolyclonal

Physical State
Liquid
Immunogen
KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

laG

from human MAP1D

Epitope Specificity 251-335/335

Isotype
Purity
affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Mitochondrion.

SIMILARITY
Important Note

Belongs to the peptidase M24A family.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

The N-terminal methionine excision pathway is an essential process in which the N-terminal methionine is removed from many proteins, thus facilitating subsequent protein modification. In mitochondria, enzymes that catalyze this reaction are celled methionine aminopeptidases (MetAps, or MAPs; EC 3.4.11.18) (Serero et al., 2003 [PubMed 14532271]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar 2008]

MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 254042

Other Names

Methionine aminopeptidase 1D, mitochondrial {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03174}, MAP 1D {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03174}, MetAP 1D {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03174}, 3.4.11.18 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03174}, Methionyl aminopeptidase type 1D, mitochondrial, Peptidase M 1D {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03174}, METAP1D, MAP1D

Target/Specificity

Overexpressed in colon cancer cell lines and colon tumors as compared to normal tissues (at protein level).

Dilution



WB~~1:1000<br \> IHC-P~~N/A<br \> IHC-F~~N/A<br \> IF~~1:50~200<br \> ICC~~N/A<br \> ICC~~N/A<br \> ICC~~N/A<br \>

\>E~~N/A

Storage

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 $^{\circ}$ C.

MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name METAP1D

Synonyms MAP1D

Function

Removes the N-terminal methionine from nascent proteins. The N-terminal methionine is often cleaved when the second residue in the primary sequence is small and uncharged (Met-Ala-, Cys, Gly, Pro, Ser, Thr, or Val). Requires deformylation of the N(alpha)-formylated initiator methionine before it can be hydrolyzed (By similarity). May play a role in colon tumorigenesis.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 03174, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14532271}

Tissue Location

Overexpressed in colon cancer cell lines and colon tumors as compared to normal tissues (at protein level)

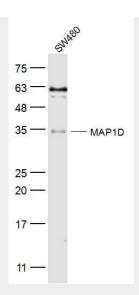
MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

MAP1D Polyclonal Antibody - Images





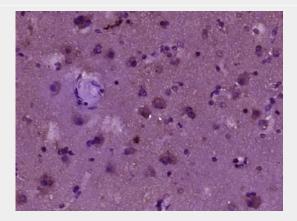
Sample:

SW480(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-MAP1D (bs-18659R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 35 kD Observed band size: 35 kD



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human brain glioma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (MAP1D) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-18659R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.