

RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP57640**Specification****RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC |
| Primary Accession | Q96B01 |
| Reactivity | Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 38457 |

RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 10635**Other Names**RAD51-associated protein 1, HsRAD51AP1, RAD51-interacting protein, RAD51AP1
{ECO:0000303|PubMed:16990250, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16956}**Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** RAD51AP1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16990250, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16956}**Function**

Structure-specific DNA-binding protein involved in DNA repair by promoting RAD51-mediated homologous recombination (PubMed:17996710, PubMed:17996711, PubMed:20871616, PubMed:25288561, PubMed:26323318). Acts by stimulating D-Loop formation by RAD51: specifically enhances joint molecule formation through its structure-specific DNA interaction and its interaction with RAD51 (PubMed:17996710, PubMed:17996711). Binds single-stranded DNA (ssDNA), double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) and secondary DNA structures, such as D-loop structures: has a strong preference for branched-DNA structures that are obligatory intermediates during joint molecule formation (PubMed:9396801, PubMed:17996711).

PubMed:22375013, PubMed:17996710). Cooperates with WDR48/UAF1 to stimulate RAD51-mediated homologous recombination: both WDR48/UAF1 and RAD51AP1 have coordinated role in DNA-binding during homologous recombination and DNA repair (PubMed:27463890, PubMed:27239033, PubMed:32350107). WDR48/UAF1 and RAD51AP1 also have a coordinated role in DNA-binding to promote USP1-mediated deubiquitination of FANCD2 (PubMed:31253762). Also involved in meiosis by promoting DMC1-mediated homologous meiotic recombination (PubMed:21307306). Key mediator of alternative lengthening of telomeres (ALT) pathway, a homology-directed repair mechanism of telomere elongation that controls proliferation in aggressive cancers, by stimulating homologous recombination (PubMed:31400850). May also bind RNA; additional evidences are however required to confirm RNA-binding in vivo (PubMed:9396801).

Cellular Location

Chromosome. Nucleus Chromosome, telomere. Note=Colocalizes with RAD51 to multiple nuclear foci (By similarity). Colocalizes with DMC1 on meiotic chromatin (By similarity)
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8C551}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in testis and thymus (PubMed:9396801). Lower levels in colon and small intestine (PubMed:9396801). Little or no expression in spleen, prostate, ovary and peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9396801)

RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

RAD51AP1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images