

**PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP57819****Specification****PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P19021</a>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	108332

**PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5066**Other Names**

Peptidyl-glycine alpha-amidating monooxygenase, PAM, Peptidylglycine alpha-hydroxylating monooxygenase, PHM, 1.14.17.3, Peptidyl-alpha-hydroxyglycine alpha-amidating lyase, 4.3.2.5, Peptidylamidoglycolate lyase, PAL, PAM {ECO:0000303|PubMed:12699694, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:8596}

**Dilution**

<span class = "dilution\_WB">WB~~1:1000</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span>

**Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

**PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** PAM {ECO:0000303|PubMed:12699694, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:8596}**Function**

Bifunctional enzyme that catalyzes amidation of the C- terminus of proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12699694" target="\_blank">12699694</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2357221" target="\_blank">2357221</a>). Alpha-amidation is present at the C-terminus of many endocrine hormones and neuropeptides and is required for their activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1575450" target="\_blank">1575450</a>). C- terminal amidation also takes place in response to protein fragmentation triggered by oxidative stress, promoting degradation of amidated protein fragments

by the proteasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2207077" target="\_blank">2207077</a>). Alpha- amidation involves two sequential reactions, both of which are catalyzed by separate catalytic domains of the enzyme (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12699694" target="\_blank">12699694</a>). The first step, catalyzed by peptidyl alpha- hydroxylating monooxygenase (PHM) domain, is the copper-, ascorbate-, and O<sub>2</sub>- dependent stereospecific hydroxylation (with S stereochemistry) at the alpha-carbon (C-alpha) of the C-terminal glycine of the peptidylglycine substrate (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12699694" target="\_blank">12699694</a>). The second step, catalyzed by the peptidylglycine amidoglycolate lyase (PAL) domain, is the zinc- dependent cleavage of the N-C-alpha bond, producing the alpha-amidated peptide and glyoxylate (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12699694" target="\_blank">12699694</a>). Similarly, catalyzes the two- step conversion of an N-fatty acylglycine to a primary fatty acid amide and glyoxylate (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

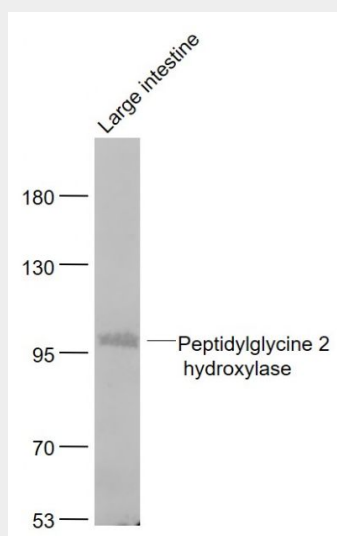
Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10731}; Single-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10731}. Note=Secretory granules {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10731} [Isoform 2]: Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein [Isoform 4]: Secreted. Note=Secreted from secretory granules

### PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

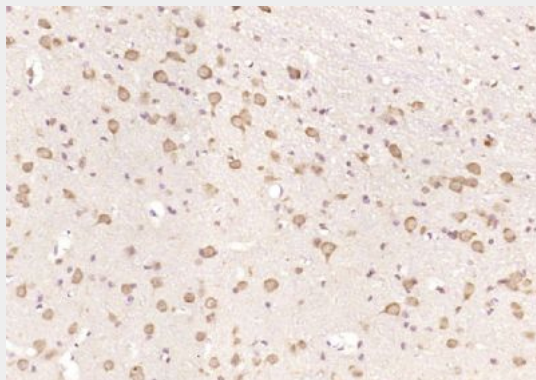
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase Polyclonal Antibody - Images

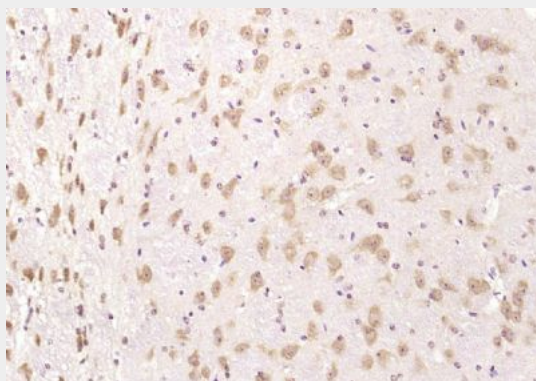


Sample:  
Large intestine (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- PAM/Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase (bs-21009R) at 1/1000 dilution  
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution  
Predicted band size: 108 kD  
Observed band size: 108 kD



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PAM Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-21009R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PAM Peptidylglycine 2 hydroxylase) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-21009R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.