

# **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP57992

## **Specification**

# **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession O9NOT5
Reactivity Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 29572

# **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 51010

#### **Other Names**

Exosome complex component RRP40, Exosome component 3, Ribosomal RNA-processing protein 40, p10, EXOSC3, RRP40

### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

### **Storage**

Store at -20  $^{\circ}$ C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4  $^{\circ}$ C.

### **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

# Name EXOSC3

Synonyms RRP40

### **Function**

Non-catalytic component of the RNA exosome complex which has 3'->5' exoribonuclease activity and participates in a multitude of cellular RNA processing and degradation events. In the nucleus, the RNA exosome complex is involved in proper maturation of stable RNA species such as rRNA, snRNA and snoRNA, in the elimination of RNA processing by-products and non-coding 'pervasive' transcripts, such as antisense RNA species and promoter-upstream transcripts (PROMPTs), and of mRNAs with processing defects, thereby limiting or excluding their export to the cytoplasm. The RNA exosome may be involved in Ig class switch recombination (CSR) and/or Ig variable region somatic hypermutation (SHM) by targeting AICDA deamination activity to transcribed dsDNA substrates. In the cytoplasm, the RNA exosome complex is involved in general mRNA turnover and specifically degrades inherently unstable mRNAs containing AU-rich elements (AREs) within their 3' untranslated regions, and in RNA surveillance pathways, preventing translation of aberrant mRNAs. It seems to be involved in degradation of histone mRNA. The catalytic inactive RNA exosome core complex of 9 subunits (Exo-9) is proposed to play a pivotal role in the binding and



presentation of RNA for ribonucleolysis, and to serve as a scaffold for the association with catalytic subunits and accessory proteins or complexes. EXOSC3 as peripheral part of the Exo-9 complex stabilizes the hexameric ring of RNase PH-domain subunits through contacts with EXOSC9 and EXOSC5.

**Cellular Location** 

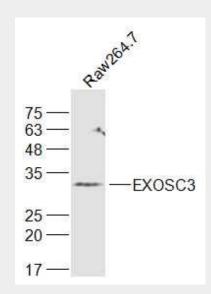
Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus

## **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **EXOSC3 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**



Sample:

Raw264.7(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-EXOSC3 (bs-23099R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 29 kD Observed band size: 29 kD