

FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP58114

Specification

FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession <u>000757</u>

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 37 KDa
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human FBP2

Epitope Specificity 21-120/339

Isotype IgG

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the FBPase class 1 family.

SUBUNIT Homotetramer (By similarity).

Important Note

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

FBP2 is a gluconeogenesis regulatory enzyme which catalyzes the hydrolysis of fructose 1,6-bisphosphate to fructose 6-phosphate and inorganic phosphate.

FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8789

Other Names

Fructose-1, 6-bisphosphatase isozyme 2, FBPase 2, 3.1.3.11, D-fructose-1, 6-bisphosphate 1-phosphohydrolase 2, Muscle FBPase, FBP2

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A<br \><span class</pre>

="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A<br \><span class

="dilution IF">IF \sim 1:50 \sim 200
or \>E \sim N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH



7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name FBP2

Function

Catalyzes the hydrolysis of fructose 1,6-bisphosphate to fructose 6-phosphate in the presence of divalent cations and probably participates in glycogen synthesis from carbohydrate precursors, such as lactate.

Cellular Location

Cell junction. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, Z line. Note=In neonatal cardiomyocytes, distributed throughout the cytosol, accumulating in the intercalated disks which occur at the Z line of cardiomyocytes and connect adjacent cells, and also located in the nucleus; dissociates from the Z line following an increase in cytosolic Ca(2+) concentration (By similarity). In muscle precursor cells, localizes predominantly to the nucleus and to a lesser extent to the cytoplasm at the proliferative phase, while mainly localizing to the cytoplasm at the differentiation phase (By similarity). Colocalizes with ALDOA and alpha-actinin on both sides of the Z line of skeletal muscle; dissociates rapidly from the Z line following an increase in cytosolic Ca(2+) concentration.

Tissue Location

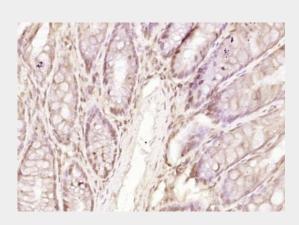
Expressed in skeletal muscle (at protein level).

FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

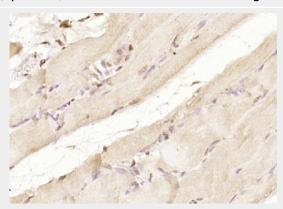
FBP2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images







Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse colon); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FBP2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-3981R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat skeletal muscle); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FBP2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-3981R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.