



NIRF Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP58432

Specification

NIRF Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession Q96PU4

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State

Rat, Dog, Bovine
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Polyclonal
State
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

laG

from human NIRF

Epitope Specificity 15-100/802

Isotype Purity

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Nucleus. Note=Enriched at pericentric

heterochromatin (PH). This localization is

dependent on the interaction with

H3K9me3.

SIMILARITY Contains 1 PHD-type zinc finger. Contains

1 RING-type zinc finger. Contains 1 ubiquitin-like domain. Contains 1 YDG

domain.

SUBUNIT Homodimer; disulfide-linked. Binds

methylated CpG containing

oligonucleotides. Interacts with H3: the interaction has a preference for the 'Lys-9' trimethylated form of H3 (H3K9me3). Interacts with PCNP, HDAC1 and CDK2 (inactive form). Component of a complex at

least composed of UHRF2, CDK2 and CCNE1. Interacts directly with CCNE1; the interaction ubiquitinates CCNE1 and

appears independent of CCNE1

phosphorylation. Interacts with CCND1; the

interaction ubiquitinates CCND1 and

appears independent of CCND1

phosphorylation. Interacts with p53/TP53

and RB1. Interacts with UBE2I.

Post-translational modifications May be autoubiquitinated; which may lead

to proteasomal degradation.

Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation may be mediated by CDK2. Autosumoylated. Note=Associated with various cancers.

DISEASE



Important Note

DNA copy number loss is found in multiple kinds of malignancies originating from the brain, breast, stomach, kidney, hematopoietic tissue and lung. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of PCNP. May participate in methylation-dependent transcriptional regulation. Important for G1/S transition. Overexpression causes G1 phase cell arrest.

NIRF Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 115426

Other Names

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF2, 2.3.2.27, Np95/ICBP90-like RING finger protein, Np95-like RING finger protein, Nuclear protein 97, Nuclear zinc finger protein Np97, RING finger protein 107, RING-type E3 ubiquitin transferase UHRF2, Ubiquitin-like PHD and RING finger domain-containing protein 2, Ubiquitin-like-containing PHD and RING finger domains protein 2, UHRF2, NIRF, RNF107

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A<br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200<br \> E~~N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

NIRF Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name UHRF2

Synonyms NIRF, RNF107

Function

E3 ubiquitin ligase that plays important roles in DNA methylation, histone modifications, cell cycle and DNA repair (PubMed:15178429, PubMed:23404503, PubMed:27743347, PubMed:29506131). Acts as a specific reader for 5-hydroxymethylcytosine (5hmC) and thereby recruits various substrates to these sites to ubiquitinate them (PubMed:24813944, PubMed:27129234). This activity also allows the maintenance of 5mC levels at specific genomic loci and regulates neuron-related gene expression (By similarity). Participates in cell cycle regulation by ubiquitinating cyclins CCND1 and CCNE1 and thereby inducing G1 arrest (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15178429" target="_blank">15178429, PubMed:15361834, PubMed:21952639). Also ubiquitinates PCNP leading to its degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:12176013, PubMed:14741369). Plays an active role in DNA damage repair by ubiquitinating p21/CDKN1A leading to its proteasomal degradation (PubMed:29923055). Also promotes DNA repair by acting as an interstrand cross-links (ICLs) sensor. Mechanistically, cooperates with UHRF1 to ensure recruitment of FANCD2 to ICLs, leading to FANCD2 monoubiquitination and subsequent activation (PubMed:30335751). Contributes to UV-induced DNA damage response by physically interacting with ATR in response to irradiation, thereby promoting ATR activation (PubMed:33848395).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00358, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12176013, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23404503, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27129234, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27743347, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29923055, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30335751}. Chromosome. Note=Enriched at genomic loci that are enriched for 5-hydroxymethylcytosine (5hmC)

NIRF Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NIRF Polyclonal Antibody - Images