

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP58845**Specification**

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	O60662
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	68 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human KBTBD10
Epitope Specificity	542-606/606
Purity	
affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection, pseudopodium. Cell projection, ruffle. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic but can co-localize with F-actin at the membrane ruffle-like structures at the tips of transformation-specific pseudopodia. Contains 1 BTB (POZ) domain. Contains 5 Kelch repeats.
SIMILARITY	
SUBUNIT	Interacts with NRAP (By similarity). Part of a complex that contains CUL3, RBX1 and KBTBD10.
Post-translational modifications	Ubiquitinated and probably targeted for proteasome-independent degradation.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

Sarcosin contains 1 BTB (POZ) domain and is required for pseudopod elongation in transformed cells. Sarcosin mRNA is up-regulated by less than two folds in the heart in human patients with HCM.

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 10324**Other Names**

Kelch-like protein 41, Kel-like protein 23, Kelch repeat and BTB domain-containing protein 10, Kelch-related protein 1, Sarcosin, KLHL41, KBTBD10, KRP1

Dilution

WB~~1:1000<br \>IHC-P~~N/A<br \>IHC-F~~N/A<br \>IF~~1:50~200<br \>E~~N/A

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name KLHL41

Synonyms KBTBD10, KRP1

Function

Involved in skeletal muscle development and differentiation. Regulates proliferation and differentiation of myoblasts and plays a role in myofibril assembly by promoting lateral fusion of adjacent thin fibrils into mature, wide myofibrils. Required for pseudopod elongation in transformed cells.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:A2AUC9}. Cell projection, pseudopodium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ER30}. Cell projection, ruffle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ER30}. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, M line {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:A2AUC9} Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane Endoplasmic reticulum membrane Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic but can colocalize with F-actin at the membrane ruffle-like structures at the tips of transformation-specific pseudopodia.

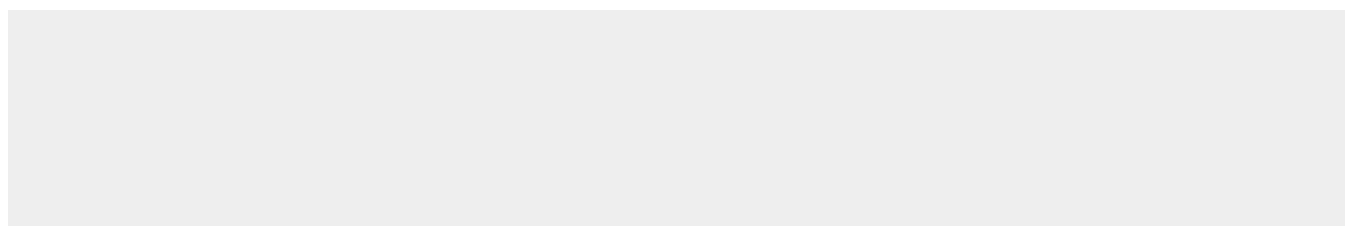
Tissue Location

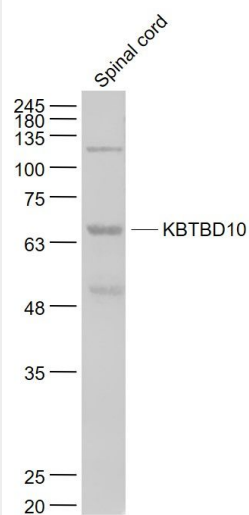
Sarcomeric muscle.

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KBTBD10 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Sample:

Spinal cord (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- KBTBD10 (bs-8044R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 68 kD

Observed band size: 68 kD