

Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP59416**Specification****Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

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|----------------------------------|--|
| Application | WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E |
| Primary Accession | O9HCN6 |
| Reactivity | Rat, Pig, Bovine |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 35 KDa |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Immunogen | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GPVI/Glycoprotein VI |
| Epitope Specificity | 121-220/339 |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purity | |
| affinity purified by Protein A | |
| Buffer | 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. |
| SUBCELLULAR LOCATION | Isoform 1: Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Isoform 2: Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. |
| SIMILARITY | Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains. |
| SUBUNIT | Associated with Fc receptor gamma chain. The GPVI-FcRgamma complex is associated with the Src kinase family Fyn and Lyn. |
| Post-translational modifications | N-linked glycosylation at Asn-92 is not required for the cell surface expression, but contributes to maximal adhesion to type I collagen, collagen-related peptide (CRP), and, to a lesser extent, to the snake venom C-type lectin convulxin (CVX). |
| DISEASE | Defects in GP6 are the cause of bleeding disorder platelet-type 11 (BDPLT11) [MIM:614201]. BDPLT11 is a mild to moderate bleeding disorder caused by defective platelet activation and aggregation in response to collagen. |
| Important Note | This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. |

Background Descriptions

This gene encodes a platelet membrane glycoprotein of the immunoglobulin superfamily. The encoded protein is a receptor for collagen and plays a critical role in collagen-induced platelet aggregation and thrombus formation. The encoded protein forms a complex with the Fc receptor gamma-chain that initiates the platelet activation signaling cascade upon collagen binding.

Mutations in this gene are a cause of platelet-type bleeding disorder-11 (BDPLT11). Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2011].

Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51206

Other Names

Platelet glycoprotein VI, GPVI, Glycoprotein 6, GP6 ([HGNC:14388](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=14388))

Target/Specificity

Megakaryocytes and platelets.

Dilution

WB ~ 1:1000
IHC-P ~ N/A
IHC-F ~ N/A
IF ~ 1:50 ~ 200
ICC ~ N/A
E ~ N/A

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name GP6 ([HGNC:14388](#))

Function

Collagen receptor involved in collagen-induced platelet adhesion and activation. Plays a key role in platelet procoagulant activity and subsequent thrombin and fibrin formation. This procoagulant function may contribute to arterial and venous thrombus formation. The signaling pathway involves the FcR gamma-chain, the Src kinases (likely FYN or LYN) and SYK, the adapter protein LAT and leads to the activation of PLCG2.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Megakaryocytes and platelets.

Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Glycoprotein VI Polyclonal Antibody - Images