

## Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to PDPK1 (pS241) Catalog # AP59656

## **Specification**

## Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IP, IHC
Primary Accession O15530
Other Accession O9Z2A0

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine,

SARS

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 63152

## Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 5170**

## **Other Names**

PDK1; 3-phosphoinositide-dependent protein kinase 1; hPDK1

# **Target/Specificity**

Recognizes endogenous levels of PDPK1 (pS241) protein.

### Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IP (1/10 - 1/100) IP~~N/A IHC~~1:100~500

## **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Protein Information

### Name PDPK1

## Synonyms PDK1

### **Function**

Serine/threonine kinase which acts as a master kinase, phosphorylating and activating a subgroup of the AGC family of protein kinases (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10226025" target="\_blank">10226025</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10480933" target="\_blank">10480933</a>, PubMed:<a



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href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10995762" target=" blank">10995762</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12167717" target="blank">12167717</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14585963" target="blank">14585963</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14604990" target="_blank">14604990</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16207722" target="blank">16207722</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16251192" target="blank">16251192</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17327236" target=" blank">17327236</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17371830" target="blank">17371830</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18835241" target="blank">18835241</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9094314" target="_blank">9094314</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9368760" target="_blank">9368760</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9445476" target="blank">9445476</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9445477" target="blank">9445477</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9707564" target="blank">9707564</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9768361" target="blank">9768361</a>). Its targets
include: protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1, PKB/AKT2, PKB/AKT3), p70 ribosomal protein S6 kinase
(RPS6KB1), p90 ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RPS6KA1, RPS6KA2 and RPS6KA3), cyclic
AMP-dependent protein kinase (PRKACA), protein kinase C (PRKCD and PRKCZ), serum and
glucocorticoid-inducible kinase (SGK1, SGK2 and SGK3), p21-activated kinase-1 (PAK1), TSSK3,
protein kinase PKN (PKN1 and PKN2) (PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10226025" target=" blank">10226025</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10480933" target=" blank">10480933</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10995762" target="_blank">10995762</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12167717" target="blank">12167717</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14585963" target="_blank">14585963</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14604990" target="blank">14604990</a>, PubMed:<a
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href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17327236" target="blank">17327236</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17371830" target="blank">17371830</a>, PubMed:<a
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href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9368760" target="blank">9368760</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9445476" target="blank">9445476</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9707564" target="blank">9707564</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9768361" target="blank">9768361</a>). Plays a central
role in the transduction of signals from insulin by providing the activating phosphorylation to
PKB/AKT1, thus propagating the signal to downstream targets controlling cell proliferation and
survival, as well as glucose and amino acid uptake and storage (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10226025" target="_blank">10226025</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12167717" target="_blank">12167717</a>, PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9094314" target="blank">9094314</a>). Negatively
regulates the TGF-beta-induced signaling by: modulating the association of SMAD3 and SMAD7
with TGF-beta receptor, phosphorylating SMAD2, SMAD3, SMAD4 and SMAD7, preventing the
nuclear translocation of SMAD3 and SMAD4 and the translocation of SMAD7 from the nucleus to
the cytoplasm in response to TGF-beta (PubMed:<a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17327236" target=" blank">17327236</a>). Activates
PPARG transcriptional activity and promotes adipocyte differentiation (By similarity). Activates the
NF-kappa-B pathway via phosphorylation of IKKB (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16207722" target=" blank">16207722</a>). The tyrosine
phosphorylated form is crucial for the regulation of focal adhesions by angiotensin II (PubMed: <a
href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14585963" target=" blank">14585963</a>). Controls
proliferation, survival, and growth of developing pancreatic cells (By similarity). Participates in the
regulation of Ca(2+) entry and Ca(2+)-activated K(+) channels of mast cells (By similarity).
Essential for the motility of vascular endothelial cells (ECs) and is involved in the regulation of their
chemotaxis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17371830"
target=" blank">17371830</a>). Plays a critical role in cardiac homeostasis by serving as a dual
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effector for cell survival and beta-adrenergic response (By similarity). Plays an important role during thymocyte development by regulating the expression of key nutrient receptors on the surface of pre-T cells and mediating Notch-induced cell growth and proliferative responses (By similarity). Provides negative feedback inhibition to toll-like receptor-mediated NF-kappa-B activation in macrophages (By similarity).

### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Note=Tyrosine phosphorylation seems to occur only at the cell membrane. Translocates to the cell membrane following insulin stimulation by a mechanism that involves binding to GRB14 and INSR. SRC and HSP90 promote its localization to the cell membrane. Its nuclear localization is dependent on its association with PTPN6 and its phosphorylation at Ser- 396. Restricted to the nucleus in neuronal cells while in non-neuronal cells it is found in the cytoplasm. The Ser-241 phosphorylated form is distributed along the perinuclear region in neuronal cells while in non-neuronal cells it is found in both the nucleus and the cytoplasm IGF1 transiently increases phosphorylation at Ser-241 of neuronal PDPK1, resulting in its translocation to other cellular compartments The tyrosine-phosphorylated form colocalizes with PTK2B in focal adhesions after angiotensin II stimulation

### **Tissue Location**

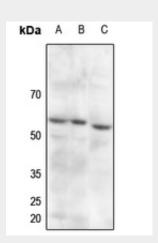
Appears to be expressed ubiquitously. The Tyr-9 phosphorylated form is markedly increased in diseased tissue compared with normal tissue from lung, liver, colon and breast

## Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

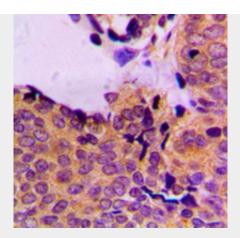
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of PDPK1 (pS241) expression in mouse liver (A), mouse lung (B), rat liver (C) whole cell lysates.





Immunohistochemical analysis of PDPK1 (pS241) staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

# Anti-PDPK1 (pS241) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human PDPK1. The exact sequence is proprietary.