

Anti-MADD Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to MADD Catalog # AP59748

Specification

Anti-MADD Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IP

<u>Q8WXG6</u>

Human, Rat, Monkey
Rabbit
Polyclonal
183303

Anti-MADD Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8567

Other Names

DENN; IG20; KIAA0358; MAP kinase-activating death domain protein; Differentially expressed in normal and neoplastic cells; Insulinoma glucagonoma clone 20; Rab3 GDP/GTP exchange factor

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of MADD protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IP (1/10 - 1/100) IP~~N/A

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-MADD Antibody - Protein Information

Name MADD {ECO:0000312|EMBL:AAB57735.1, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6766}

Function

Guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor that regulates small GTPases of the Rab family (PubMed:18559336, PubMed:20937701). Converts GDP-bound inactive form of RAB27A and RAB27B to the GTP-bound active forms (PubMed:18559336, PubMed:20937701). Converts GDP-bound inactive form of RAB3A, RAB3C and RAB3D to the GTP-bound active forms, GTPases involved in synaptic vesicle exocytosis and vesicle secretion (By similarity). Plays a role in synaptic



vesicle formation and in vesicle trafficking at the neuromuscular junction (By similarity). Involved in up-regulating a post-docking step of synaptic exocytosis in central synapses (By similarity). Probably by binding to the motor proteins KIF1B and KIF1A, mediates motor-dependent transport of GTP-RAB3A- positive vesicles to the presynaptic nerve terminals (By similarity). Plays a role in TNFA-mediated activation of the MAPK pathway, including ERK1/2 (PubMed:32761064). May link TNFRSF1A with MAP kinase activation (PubMed:<a

 $href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9115275"\ target="_blank">9115275).\ May be involved in the regulation of TNFA-induced apoptosis (PubMed:<a$

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11577081" target="_blank">11577081, PubMed:32761064).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80U28}

Tissue Location

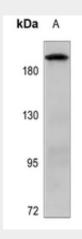
Expressed in testis, ovary, brain and heart (PubMed:8988362). Expressed in spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small instestine and colon (PubMed:9115275). Expressed in liver (PubMed:9796103). [Isoform 2]: Expressed in the brain, breast, kidney, lung, ovary, pancreas, testis, uterus, stomach and thyroid [Isoform 4]: Expressed in the brain, breast, kidney, lung, ovary, pancreas, testis, uterus, stomach and thyroid [Isoform 6]: Not detected in the brain, breast, kidney, lung, ovary, pancreas, testis, uterus, stomach and thyroid

Anti-MADD Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-MADD Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of MADD expression in PC12 (A) whole cell lysates.

Anti-MADD Antibody - Background





KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human MADD. The exact sequence is proprietary.