

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to p53 (pS33)
Catalog # AP60065

Specification

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P04637
Reactivity	Human, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	43653

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7157

Other Names

P53; Cellular tumor antigen p53; Antigen NY-CO-13; Phosphoprotein p53; Tumor suppressor p53

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of p53 (pS33) protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Protein Information

Name TP53

Synonyms P53

Function

Multifunctional transcription factor that induces cell cycle arrest, DNA repair or apoptosis upon binding to its target DNA sequence (PubMed:[11025664](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11025664), PubMed:[12524540](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12524540), PubMed:[12810724](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12810724), PubMed:[15186775](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15186775), PubMed:[15340061](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15340061), PubMed:[17317671](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17317671), PubMed:[17349958](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17349958))

target="_blank">>17349958, PubMed:>19556538, PubMed:>20673990, PubMed:>20959462, PubMed:>22726440, PubMed:>24051492, PubMed:>24652652, PubMed:>35618207, PubMed:>36634798, PubMed:>38653238, PubMed:>9840937). Acts as a tumor suppressor in many tumor types; induces growth arrest or apoptosis depending on the physiological circumstances and cell type (PubMed:>11025664, PubMed:>12524540, PubMed:>12810724, PubMed:>15186775, PubMed:>15340061, PubMed:>17189187, PubMed:>17317671, PubMed:>17349958, PubMed:>19556538, PubMed:>20673990, PubMed:>20959462, PubMed:>22726440, PubMed:>24051492, PubMed:>24652652, PubMed:>38653238, PubMed:>9840937). Negatively regulates cell division by controlling expression of a set of genes required for this process (PubMed:>11025664, PubMed:>12524540, PubMed:>12810724, PubMed:>15186775, PubMed:>15340061, PubMed:>17317671, PubMed:>17349958, PubMed:>19556538, PubMed:>20673990, PubMed:>20959462, PubMed:>22726440, PubMed:>24051492, PubMed:>24652652, PubMed:>38653238, PubMed:>9840937). One of the activated genes is an inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases. Apoptosis induction seems to be mediated either by stimulation of BAX and FAS antigen expression, or by repression of Bcl-2 expression (PubMed:>12524540, PubMed:>17189187). Its pro-apoptotic activity is activated via its interaction with PPP1R13B/ASPP1 or TP53BP2/ASPP2 (PubMed:>12524540). However, this activity is inhibited when the interaction with PPP1R13B/ASPP1 or TP53BP2/ASPP2 is displaced by PPP1R13L/iASPP (PubMed:>12524540). In cooperation with mitochondrial PPIF is involved in activating oxidative stress-induced necrosis; the function is largely independent of transcription. Induces the transcription of long intergenic non-coding RNA p21 (lincRNA-p21) and lincRNA-Mkln1. LincRNA-p21 participates in TP53-dependent transcriptional repression leading to apoptosis and seems to have an effect on cell-cycle regulation. Implicated in Notch signaling cross-over. Prevents

CDK7 kinase activity when associated to CAK complex in response to DNA damage, thus stopping cell cycle progression. Isoform 2 enhances the transactivation activity of isoform 1 from some but not all TP53-inducible promoters. Isoform 4 suppresses transactivation activity and impairs growth suppression mediated by isoform 1. Isoform 7 inhibits isoform 1-mediated apoptosis. Regulates the circadian clock by repressing CLOCK-BMAL1-mediated transcriptional activation of PER2 (PubMed:24051492).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. PML body. Endoplasmic reticulum. Mitochondrion matrix. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Note=Recruited into PML bodies together with CHEK2 (PubMed:12810724) Translocates to mitochondria upon oxidative stress (PubMed:22726440) Translocates to mitochondria in response to mitomycin C treatment (PubMed:27323408). Competitive inhibition of TP53 interaction with HSPA9/MOT-2 by UBXN2A results in increased protein abundance and subsequent translocation of TP53 to the nucleus (PubMed:24625977) [Isoform 2]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized mainly in the nucleus with minor staining in the cytoplasm [Isoform 4]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Predominantly nuclear but translocates to the cytoplasm following cell stress [Isoform 8]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized in both nucleus and cytoplasm in most cells. In some cells, forms foci in the nucleus that are different from nucleoli

Tissue Location

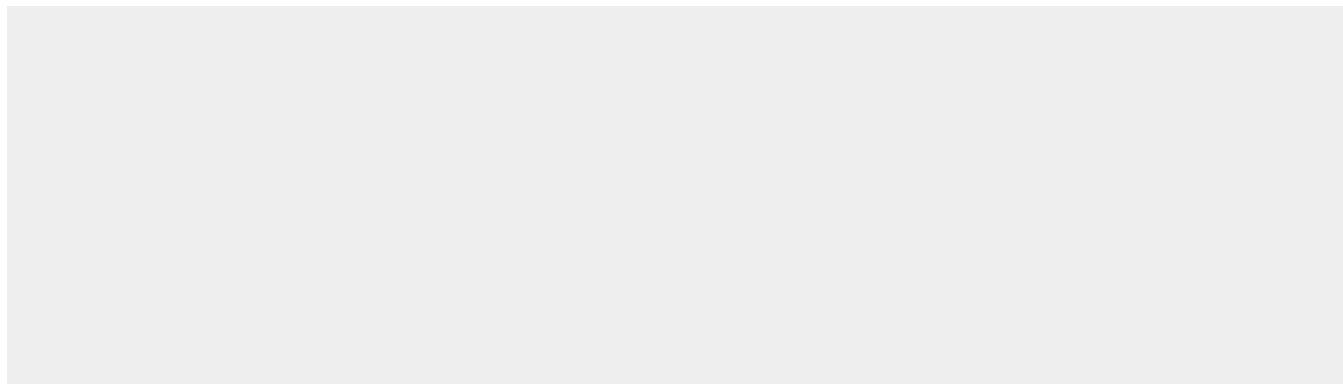
Ubiquitous. Isoforms are expressed in a wide range of normal tissues but in a tissue-dependent manner. Isoform 2 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, lung, prostate, muscle, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 3 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in lung, spleen, testis, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 7 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in prostate, uterus, skeletal muscle and breast. Isoform 8 is detected only in colon, bone marrow, testis, fetal brain and intestine. Isoform 9 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, heart, lung, fetal liver, salivary gland, breast or intestine

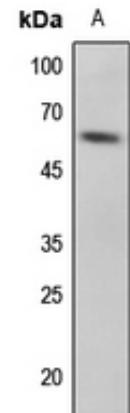
Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of p53 (pS33) expression in HEK293T (A) whole cell lysates.

Anti-p53 (pS33) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human p53 (pS33). The exact sequence is proprietary.