

**Anti-GLURD2 Antibody**  
**Rabbit polyclonal antibody to GLURD2**  
**Catalog # AP60300****Specification**

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**Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IF/IC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O43424</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q61625</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	113356

**Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 2895**Other Names**

GLURD2; Glutamate receptor ionotropic, delta-2; GluD2; GluR delta-2 subunit

**Target/Specificity**

Recognizes endogenous levels of GLURD2 protein.

**Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

IF/IC~~N/A

**Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

**Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** GRID2**Synonyms** GLURD2**Function**

Member of the ionotropic glutamate receptor family, which plays a crucial role in synaptic organization and signal transduction in the central nervous system. Although it shares structural features with ionotropic glutamate receptors, does not bind glutamate as a primary ligand (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34936451" target="\_blank">34936451</a>). Promotes synaptogenesis and mediates the D-Serine-dependent long term depression signals and AMPA receptor endocytosis of cerebellar parallel fiber-Purkinje cell (PF-PC) synapses through the



NRX1B-CBLN1-GRID2 triad complex (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27418511" target="\_blank">27418511</a>). In the presence of neuexins and cerebellins, forms cation-selective channels that are proposed to be gated by glycine and D-serine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34936451" target="\_blank">34936451</a>). However, recent research disputes this ligand-gated cation channel activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39052831" target="\_blank">39052831</a>). Cation-selective ion channel activity can be triggered by GRM1 in Purkinje cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24357660" target="\_blank">24357660</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27276689" target="\_blank">27276689</a>).

#### Cellular Location

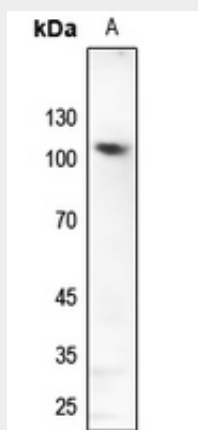
Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61625}; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

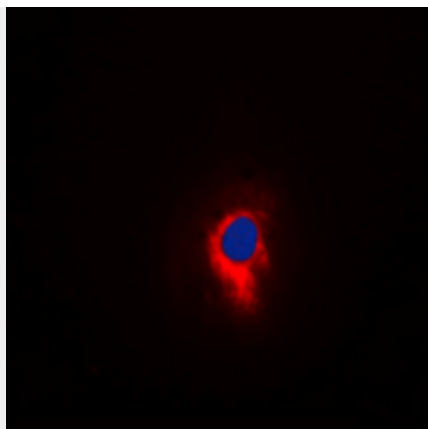
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of GLURD2 expression in zebrafish (A) whole cell lysates.





Immunofluorescent analysis of GLURD2 staining in HEK293T cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

#### **Anti-GLURD2 Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human GLURD2. The exact sequence is proprietary.