

# Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to SP1 (pT453) Catalog # AP60398

# **Specification**

# Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Product Information

**Application** WB, IF/IC, IHC

**Primary Accession** P08047 Other Accession 089090

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Chicken,

> **Bovine** Rabbit

Host Clonality **Polyclonal** Calculated MW 80693

## Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 6667**

# **Other Names**

TSFP1; Transcription factor Sp1

# Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of SP1 (pT453) protein.

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500), ChIP (Use at an assay dependent concentration) IF/IC~~N/A

IHC~~1:100~500

## **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Protein Information

### Name SP1

# Synonyms TSFP1

## **Function**

Transcription factor that can activate or repress transcription in response to physiological and pathological stimuli. Binds with high affinity to GC-rich motifs and regulates the expression of a large number of genes involved in a variety of processes such as cell growth, apoptosis,



differentiation and immune responses. Highly regulated by post-translational modifications (phosphorylations, sumovlation, proteolytic cleavage, glycosylation and acetylation). Also binds the PDGFR-alpha G-box promoter. May have a role in modulating the cellular response to DNA damage. Implicated in chromatin remodeling. Plays an essential role in the regulation of FE65 gene expression. In complex with ATF7IP, maintains telomerase activity in cancer cells by inducing TERT and TERC gene expression. Isoform 3 is a stronger activator of transcription than isoform 1. Positively regulates the transcription of the core clock component BMAL1 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10391891" target=" blank">10391891</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11371615" target="blank">11371615</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11904305" target="\_blank">11904305</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14593115" target="\_blank">14593115</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16377629" target=" blank">16377629</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16478997" target="blank">16478997</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16943418" target=" blank">16943418</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17049555" target="\_blank">17049555</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18171990" target="blank">18171990</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18199680" target="\_blank">18199680</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18239466" target="\_blank">18239466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18513490" target=" blank">18513490</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18619531" target="blank">18619531</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19193796" target=" blank">19193796</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20091743" target="blank">20091743</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21046154" target="blank">21046154</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21798247" target="blank">21798247</a>). Plays a role in the recruitment of SMARCA4/BRG1 on the c-FOS promoter. Plays a role in protecting cells against oxidative stress following brain injury by regulating the expression of RNF112 (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Nuclear location is governed by glycosylated/phosphorylated states. Insulin promotes nuclear location, while glucagon favors cytoplasmic location

# **Tissue Location**

Up-regulated in adenocarcinomas of the stomach (at protein level). Isoform 3 is ubiquitously expressed at low levels

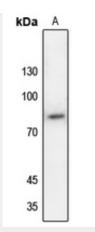
# Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

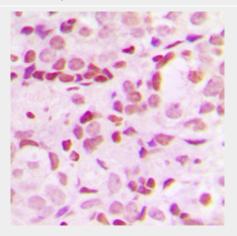
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Images

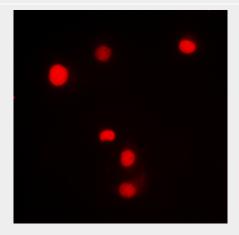




Western blot analysis of SP1 (pT453) expression in H1688 (A) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of SP1 (pT453) staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of SP1 (pT453) staining in Jurkat cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4  $^{\circ}$ C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.

Anti-SP1 (pT453) Antibody - Background





KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human SP1 (pT453). The exact sequence is proprietary.