

Anti-CD184 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CD184 Catalog # AP60446

Specification

Anti-CD184 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity

Host Clonality Calculated MW WB <u>P61073</u> <u>P70658</u> Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig, Bovine, SARS, Dog Rabbit Polyclonal 39746

Anti-CD184 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7852

Other Names

C-X-C chemokine receptor type 4; CXC-R4; CXCR-4; FB22; Fusin; HM89; LCR1; Leukocyte-derived seven transmembrane domain receptor; LESTR; Lipopolysaccharide-associated protein 3; LAP-3; LPS-associated protein 3; NPYRL; Stromal cell-derived factor 1 receptor; SDF-1 receptor; CD184

Target/Specificity

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human CD184. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-CD184 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CXCR4

Function

Receptor for the C-X-C chemokine CXCL12/SDF-1 that transduces a signal by increasing intracellular calcium ion levels and enhancing MAPK1/MAPK3 activation (PubMed:10452968, PubMed:24912431, PubMed:>24912431, PubMed:>10000000000000000000000000



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28978524" target="_blank">28978524). Involved in the AKT signaling cascade (PubMed:24912431). Plays a role in regulation of cell migration, e.g. during wound healing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28978524"

target="_blank">28978524). Acts as a receptor for extracellular ubiquitin; leading to enhanced intracellular calcium ions and reduced cellular cAMP levels (PubMed:20228059). Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) et mediates LPS-induced inflammatory response, including TNF secretion by monocytes (PubMed:11276205). Involved in hematopoiesis and in cardiac ventricular septum formation. Also plays an essential role in vascularization of the gastrointestinal tract, probably by regulating vascular branching and/or remodeling processes in endothelial cells. Involved in cerebellar development. In the CNS, could mediate hippocampal-neuron survival (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction. Early endosome. Late endosome. Lysosome. Note=In unstimulated cells, diffuse pattern on plasma membrane. On agonist stimulation, colocalizes with ITCH at the plasma membrane where it becomes ubiquitinated. In the presence of antigen, distributes to the immunological synapse forming at the T- cell-APC contact area, where it localizes at the peripheral and distal supramolecular activation cluster (SMAC)

Tissue Location

Expressed in numerous tissues, such as peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, thymus, spinal cord, heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, cerebellum, cerebral cortex and medulla (in microglia as well as in astrocytes), brain microvascular, coronary artery and umbilical cord endothelial cells lsoform 1 is predominant in all tissues tested

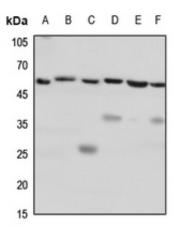
Anti-CD184 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-CD184 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of CD184 expression in Hela (A), mouse lung (B), mouse spleen (C), mouse heart (D), rat spleen (E), rat heart (F) whole cell lysates.

Anti-CD184 Antibody - Background

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