

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Alpha-synuclein (pY133)
Catalog # AP60514

Specification

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	P37840
Other Accession	O55042
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig, Bovine, SARS
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	14460

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 6622

Other Names

NACP; PARK1; Alpha-synuclein; Non-A beta component of AD amyloid; Non-A4 component of amyloid precursor; NACP

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of Alpha-synuclein (pY133) protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200)

IHC~~1:100~500

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Protein Information

Name SNCA

Synonyms NACP, PARK1

Function

Neuronal protein that plays several roles in synaptic activity such as regulation of synaptic vesicle trafficking and subsequent neurotransmitter release (PubMed:20798282, PubMed:26442590, PubMed:28288128, PubMed:30404828). Participates as a monomer in synaptic vesicle exocytosis by enhancing vesicle priming, fusion and dilation of exocytotic fusion pores (PubMed:28288128, PubMed:30404828). Mechanistically, acts by increasing local Ca(2+) release from microdomains which is essential for the enhancement of ATP-induced exocytosis (PubMed:30404828). Also acts as a molecular chaperone in its multimeric membrane-bound state, assisting in the folding of synaptic fusion components called SNAREs (Soluble NSF Attachment Protein REceptors) at presynaptic plasma membrane in conjunction with cysteine string protein-alpha/DNAJC5 (PubMed:20798282). This chaperone activity is important to sustain normal SNARE-complex assembly during aging (PubMed:20798282). Also plays a role in the regulation of the dopamine neurotransmission by associating with the dopamine transporter (DAT1) and thereby modulating its activity (PubMed:26442590).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Membrane Nucleus Synapse. Secreted. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042}. Note=Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons (PubMed:15282274). Expressed and colocalized with SEPTIN4 in dopaminergic axon terminals, especially at the varicosities (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15282274}

Tissue Location

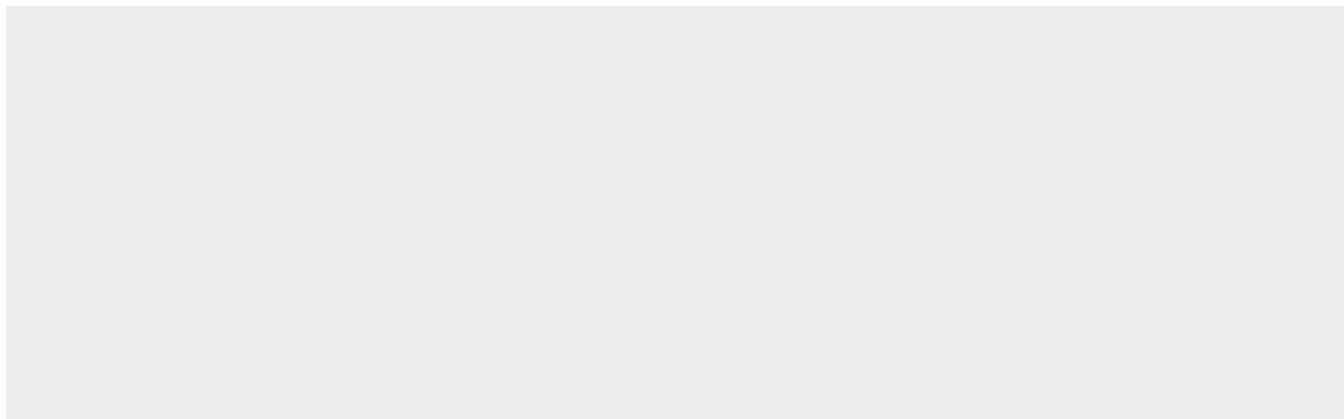
Highly expressed in presynaptic terminals in the central nervous system. Expressed principally in brain

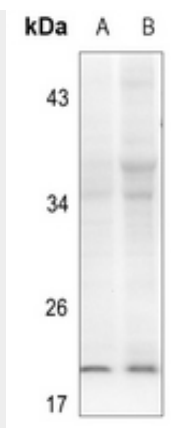
Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

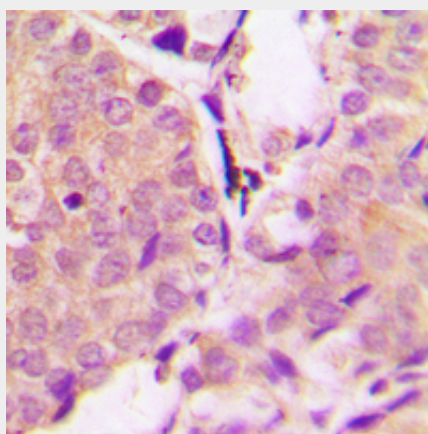
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Alpha-synuclein (pY133) expression in mouse brain (A), rat brain (B) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of Alpha-synuclein (pY133) staining in human prostate cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Anti-Alpha-synuclein (pY133) Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human Alpha-synuclein (pY133). The exact sequence is proprietary.