

## **Anti-RLK Antibody**

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to RLK Catalog # AP60828

## **Specification**

## **Anti-RLK Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

P42682 Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal 61258

WB, IHC

P42681

# **Anti-RLK Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 7294**

Calculated MW

#### **Other Names**

PTK4; RLK; Tyrosine-protein kinase TXK; Protein-tyrosine kinase 4; Resting lymphocyte kinase

### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of RLK protein.

## **Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/2000), IH (1/50 - 1/200) IHC~~1:100~500

#### **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## **Anti-RLK Antibody - Protein Information**

### **Name TXK**

Synonyms PTK4, RLK

## **Function**

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase that plays a redundant role with ITK in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates the development, function and differentiation of conventional T-cells and nonconventional NKT-cells. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a series of phosphorylation leads to the recruitment of TXK to the cell membrane, where it is phosphorylated at Tyr-420. Phosphorylation leads to TXK full activation. Also contributes to signaling from many receptors and participates in multiple downstream pathways, including



regulation of the actin cytoskeleton. Like ITK, can phosphorylate PLCG1, leading to its localization in lipid rafts and activation, followed by subsequent cleavage of its substrates. In turn, the endoplasmic reticulum releases calcium in the cytoplasm and the nuclear activator of activated T-cells (NFAT) translocates into the nucleus to perform its transcriptional duty. Plays a role in the positive regulation of IFNG transcription in T- helper 1 cells as part of an IFNG promoter-binding complex with PARP1 and EEF1A1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11859127" target="\_blank">11859127</a><a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17177976" target="\_blank">17177976</a><a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17177976" target="\_blank">17177976

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Localizes in the vicinity of cell surface receptors in the plasma membrane after receptor stimulation Translocates into the nucleus and enhances IFN-gamma gene transcription in T-cells

## **Tissue Location**

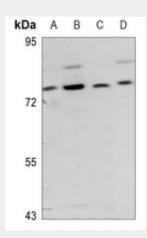
Expressed in T-cells and some myeloid cell lines. Expressed in Th1/Th0 cells with IFN-gamma-producing potential

## **Anti-RLK Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

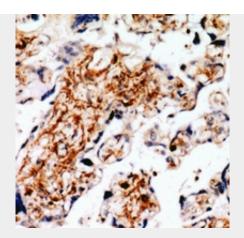
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### **Anti-RLK Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of RLK expression in HEK293T (A), A549 (B), mouse kidney (C), rat muscle (D) whole cell lysates.





Immunohistochemical analysis of RLK staining in human placenta formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

# **Anti-RLK Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human RLK. The exact sequence is proprietary.