

Anti-RNF111 Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to RNF111
Catalog # AP60908**Specification**

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O6ZNA4
Other Accession	O99ML9
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	108862

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 54778**Other Names**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Arkadia; RING finger protein 111

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of RNF111 protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Protein Information**Name** RNF111 ([HGNC:17384](#))**Function**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase (PubMed: [26656854](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26656854)). Required for mesoderm patterning during embryonic development (By similarity). Acts as an enhancer of the transcriptional responses of the SMAD2/SMAD3 effectors, which are activated downstream of BMP (PubMed: [14657019](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14657019), PubMed: [16601693](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16601693)). Acts by mediating ubiquitination and degradation of SMAD inhibitors such as SMAD7, inducing their proteasomal degradation and thereby enhancing the transcriptional activity of TGF-beta and BMP (PubMed: [14657019](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14657019)),

PubMed:16601693). In addition to enhance transcription of SMAD2/SMAD3 effectors, also regulates their turnover by mediating their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation, coupling their activation with degradation, thereby ensuring that only effectors 'in use' are degraded (By similarity). Activates SMAD3/SMAD4-dependent transcription by triggering signal-induced degradation of SNON isoform of SKIL (PubMed:17591695). Associates with UBE2D2 as an E2 enzyme (PubMed:22411132). Specifically binds polysumoylated chains via SUMO interaction motifs (SIMs) and mediates ubiquitination of sumoylated substrates (PubMed:23751493). Catalyzes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of sumoylated XPC in response to UV irradiation, promoting nucleotide excision repair (PubMed:23751493). Mediates ubiquitination and degradation of sumoylated PML (By similarity). The regulation of the BMP-SMAD signaling is however independent of sumoylation and is not dependent of SUMO interaction motifs (SIMs) (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Nucleus, PML body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99ML9}. Note=Upon TGF-beta treatment, translocates from nucleus to cytosol

Tissue Location

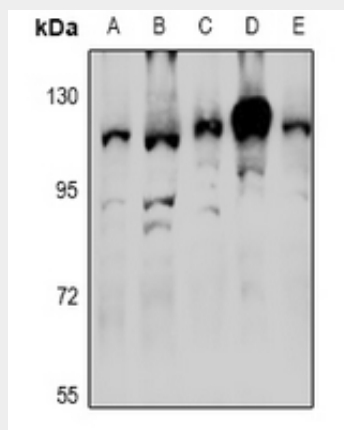
Broadly expressed..

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of RNF111 expression in Hela (A), A549 (B), MCF7 (C), CT26 (D), PC12 (E)

whole cell lysates.

Anti-RNF111 Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human RNF111. The exact sequence is proprietary.