

### **Anti-SIX1 Antibody**

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to SIX1 Catalog # AP60965

### **Specification**

### **Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB
O15475
O62231
Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey
Rabbit
Polyclonal
32210

# **Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 6495**

#### **Other Names**

Homeobox protein SIX1; Sine oculis homeobox homolog 1

### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of SIX1 protein.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

#### **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

## **Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# **Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Protein Information**

## Name SIX1

### **Function**

Transcription factor that is involved in the regulation of cell proliferation, apoptosis and embryonic development (By similarity). Plays an important role in the development of several organs, including kidney, muscle and inner ear (By similarity). Depending on context, functions as a transcriptional repressor or activator (By similarity). Lacks an activation domain, and requires interaction with EYA family members for transcription activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15141091" target="\_blank">15141091</a>/a>). Mediates nuclear translocation of EYA1 and EYA2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19497856" target="\_blank">19497856</a>). Binds the

5'-TCA[AG][AG]TTNC-3' motif present in the MEF3 element in the MYOG promoter and CIDEA



enhancer (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27923061" target="\_blank">27923061</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23435380" target="\_blank">23435380</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15141091" target="\_blank">15141091</a><a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19497856" target="\_blank">19497856</a>). Regulates the expression of numerous genes, including MYC, CCND1 and EZR (By similarity). Acts as an activator of the IGFBP5 promoter, probably coactivated by EYA2 (By similarity). Repression of precursor cell proliferation in myoblasts is switched to activation through recruitment of EYA3 to the SIX1-DACH1 complex (By similarity). During myogenesis, seems to act together with EYA2 and DACH2 (By similarity). Regulates the expression of CCNA1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15123840" target="blank">15123840</a>). Promotes brown adipocyte differentiation (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

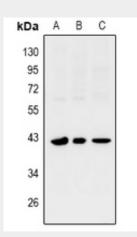
Specifically expressed in skeletal muscle.

# **Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

#### **Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of SIX1 expression in PC12 (A), MEF (B), COS7 (C) whole cell lysates.

# Anti-SIX1 Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human SIX1. The exact sequence is proprietary.