

### **Anti-GNAZ Antibody**

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to GNAZ Catalog # AP61291

# **Specification**

### **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P19086
Other Accession O70443

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
40924

# **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 2781**

#### **Other Names**

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(z) subunit alpha; G(x) alpha chain; Gz-alpha

#### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of GNAZ protein.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/50 - 1/200)

# **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### **Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Protein Information**

### Name GNAZ

#### **Function**

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems.

#### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Lipid-anchor.

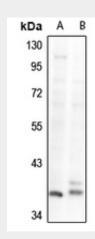
# **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Protocols**



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of GNAZ expression in Panc1 (A), SGC7901 (B) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of GNAZ staining in human brain formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

# **Anti-GNAZ Antibody - Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human GNAZ. The exact sequence is proprietary.