

Anti-CD226 Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CD226
Catalog # AP61521**Specification**

Anti-CD226 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IF/IC, IHC
Primary Accession	Q15762
Other Accession	Q8K4F0
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38614

Anti-CD226 Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 10666**Other Names**

DNAM1; CD226 antigen; DNAX accessory molecule 1; DNAM-1; CD226

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of CD226 protein.

Dilution

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

IF/IC~~N/A

IHC~~1:100~500

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-CD226 Antibody - Protein Information**Name** CD226**Synonyms** DNAM1**Function**

Cell surface receptor that plays an important role in the immune system, particularly in intercellular adhesion, lymphocyte signaling, cytotoxicity and lymphokine secretion mediated by cytotoxic T-cells and NK cells (PubMed: [8673704](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8673704), PubMed: [9712030](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9712030)). Functions as a costimulatory receptor upon recognition of target

cells, such as virus- infected or tumor cells. Upon binding to its ligands PVR/CD155 or NECTIN2/CD112 on target cells, promotes the cytotoxic activity of NK cells and CTLs, enhancing their ability to kill these cells (PubMed:26755705, PubMed:31253644, PubMed:30591568). Mechanistically, phosphorylation by Src kinases such as LYN of FYN, enables binding to adapter GRB2, leading to activation of VAV1, PI3K and PLCG1. Promotes also activation of kinases ERK and AKT, as well as calcium fluxes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Localizes to lipid rafts.

Tissue Location

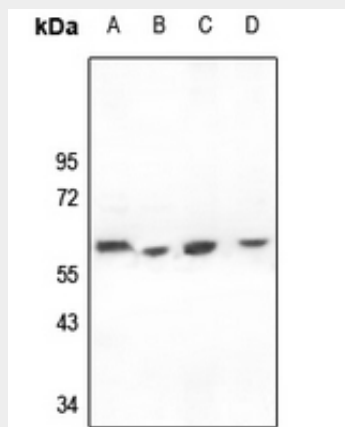
Expressed by peripheral blood T-lymphocytes.

Anti-CD226 Antibody - Protocols

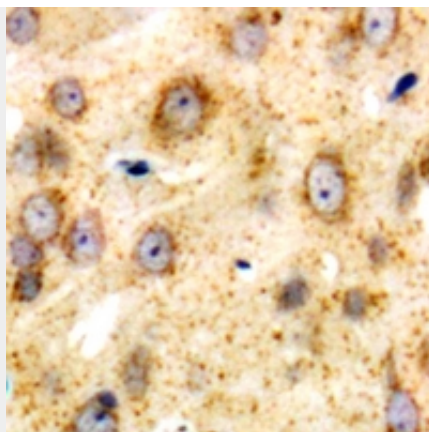
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

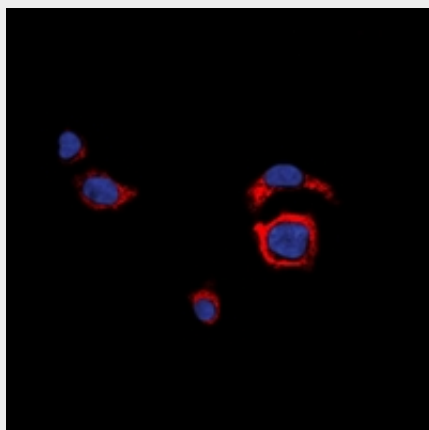
Anti-CD226 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of CD226 expression in LO2 (A), U87MG (B), C6 (C), Raw264.7 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of CD226 staining in human brain formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of CD226 staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

Anti-CD226 Antibody - Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human CD226. The exact sequence is proprietary.