

#### **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody**

Mouse monoclonal antibody to active Caspase 3 Catalog # AP61575

#### **Specification**

#### **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IF/IC, IHC

Primary Accession P42574

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 31608

#### **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Additional Information**

#### Gene ID 836

#### **Other Names**

CPP32; Caspase-3; CASP-3; Apopain; Cysteine protease CPP32; CPP-32; Protein Yama; SREBP cleavage activity 1; SCA-1

#### Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of active Caspase 3 protein.

### **Dilution**

WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IH (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/50 - 1/200) IF/IC~~N/A IHC~~1:100~500

#### **Format**

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### **Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name CASP3

**Synonyms** CPP32 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7983002}

#### **Function**

Thiol protease that acts as a major effector caspase involved in the execution phase of apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18723680" target="\_blank">18723680</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20566630" target="\_blank">20566630</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23650375" target="\_blank">23650375</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35338844" target=" blank">35338844</a>,



PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35446120" target=" blank">35446120</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7596430" target=" blank">7596430</a>). Following cleavage and activation by initiator caspases (CASP8, CASP9 and/or CASP10), mediates execution of apoptosis by catalyzing cleavage of many proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18723680" target=" blank">18723680</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20566630" target="blank">20566630</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23650375" target=" blank">23650375</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7596430" target=" blank">7596430</a>). At the onset of apoptosis, it proteolytically cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase PARP1 at a '216-Asp-|-Gly-217' bond (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10497198" target=" blank">10497198</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16374543" target="blank">16374543</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7596430" target=" blank">7596430</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7774019" target=" blank">7774019</a>). Cleaves and activates sterol regulatory element binding proteins (SREBPs) between the basic helix-loop-helix leucine zipper domain and the membrane attachment domain (By similarity). Cleaves and activates caspase-6, -7 and -9 (CASP6, CASP7 and CASP9, respectively) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7596430" target=" blank">7596430</a>). Cleaves and inactivates interleukin-18 (IL18) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37993714" target=" blank">37993714</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9334240" target=" blank">9334240</a>). Involved in the cleavage of huntingtin (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8696339" target=" blank">8696339</a>). Triggers cell adhesion in sympathetic neurons through RET cleavage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21357690" target=" blank">21357690</a>). Cleaves and inhibits serine/threonine-protein kinase AKT1 in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23152800" target=" blank">23152800</a>). Acts as an inhibitor of type I interferon production during virus-induced apoptosis by mediating cleavage of antiviral proteins CGAS, IRF3 and MAVS, thereby preventing cytokine overproduction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30878284" target=" blank">30878284</a>). Also involved in pyroptosis by mediating cleavage and activation of gasdermin-E (GSDME) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35338844" target=" blank">35338844</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35446120" target="blank">35446120</a>). Cleaves XRCC4 and phospholipid scramblase proteins XKR4, XKR8 and XKR9, leading to promote phosphatidylserine exposure on apoptotic cell surface (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23845944" target=" blank">23845944</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33725486" target="blank">33725486</a>). Cleaves BIRC6 following inhibition of BIRC6-caspase binding by DIABLO/SMAC (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36758104" target=" blank">36758104</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36758106" target="\_blank">36758106</a>).

# Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

## **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in lung, spleen, heart, liver and kidney. Moderate levels in brain and skeletal muscle, and low in testis. Also found in many cell lines, highest expression in cells of the immune system.

## **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Protocols**

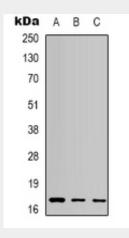
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot

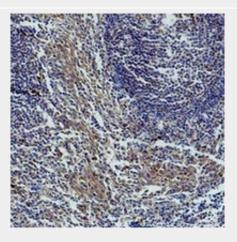


- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Images

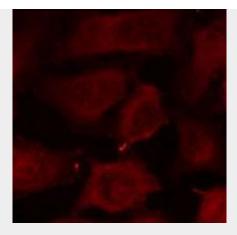


Western blot analysis of active Caspase 3 expression in Hela (A), NIH3T3 (B), rat brain (C) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of active Caspase 3 staining in human tonsil formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.





Immunofluorescent analysis of active Caspase 3 staining in Hela cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

## **Anti-active Caspase 3 Antibody - Background**

Recombinant protein corresponding to human active Caspase 3.