

#### Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AP63158

#### Specification

## Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality WB <u>P00742</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

### Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2159

**Other Names** F10; Coagulation factor X; Stuart factor; Stuart-Prower factor

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

### Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

## Name F10

#### Function

Factor Xa is a vitamin K-dependent glycoprotein that converts prothrombin to thrombin in the presence of factor Va, calcium and phospholipid during blood clotting (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22409427" target="\_blank">22409427</a>). Factor Xa activates pro-inflammatory signaling pathways in a protease-activated receptor (PAR)-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target="\_blank">24041930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30568593" target="\_blank">30568593</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34831181" target="\_blank">30568593</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34831181" target="\_blank">34831181</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18202198" target="\_blank">18202198</a>). Up-regulates expression of protease- activated receptors (PARs) F2R, F2RL1 and F2RL2 in dermal microvascular endothelial cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38244"/a>). Triggers the production of pro- inflammatory cytokines, such as MCP-1/CCL2 and IL6, in cardiac fibroblasts and umbilical vein endothelial cells in PAR-1/F2R-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30568593"/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30568593"/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30568593"/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35738824"/a>). Triggers the production of pro- inflammatory cytokines, such as MCP-1/CCL2 and IL6, in cardiac fibroblasts and umbilical vein endothelial cells in PAR-1/F2R-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30568593"/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34831181"/a>). Triggers the production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, such as MCP-1/CCL2, IL6, TNF-alpha/TNF, IL- 1beta/IL1B, production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, such as MCP-1/CCL2, IL6, TNF-alpha/TNF, IL- 1beta/IL1B, production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, such as MCP-1/CCL2, IL6, TNF-alpha/TNF, IL- 1beta/IL1B, product



IL8/CXCL8 and IL18, in endothelial cells and atrial tissues (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target=" blank">24041930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35738824" target="\_blank">35738824</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9780208" target="\_blank">9780208</a>). Induces expression of adhesion molecules, such as ICAM1, VCAM1 and SELE, in endothelial cells and atrial tissues (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target=" blank">24041930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35738824" target=" blank">35738824</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9780208" target=" blank">9780208</a>). Increases expression of phosphorylated ERK1/2 in dermal microvascular endothelial cells and atrial tissues (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target=" blank">24041930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35738824" target=" blank">35738824</a>). Triggers activation of the transcription factor NF-kappa-B in dermal microvascular endothelial cells and atrial tissues (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target=" blank">24041930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35738824" target=" blank">35738824</a>). Activates pro-inflammatory and pro-fibrotic responses in dermal fibroblasts and enhances wound healing probably via PAR-2/F2RL1-dependent mechanism (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18202198" target=" blank">18202198</a>). Activates barrier protective signaling responses in endothelial cells in PAR-2/F2RL1-dependent manner; the activity depends on the cleavage of PAR-2/F2RL1 by factor Xa (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22409427" target=" blank">22409427</a>). Upregulates expression of plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 (SERPINE1) in atrial tissues (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24041930" target=" blank">24041930</a>).

Cellular Location Secreted.

**Tissue Location** Plasma; synthesized in the liver.

### Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Images





## Cleaved-Factor Xa activated HC (I235) Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Factor Xa is a vitamin K-dependent glycoprotein that converts prothrombin to thrombin in the presence of factor Va, calcium and phospholipid during blood clotting.