

## Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP63211

### Specification

#### Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P62805</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

#### Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 121504;554313;8294;8359;8360;8361;8362;8363;8364;8365;8366;8367;8368;8370

#### Other Names

HIST1H4A; H4/A; H4FA; HIST1H4B; H4/I; H4FI; HIST1H4C; H4/G; H4FG; HIST1H4D; H4/B; H4FB; HIST1H4E; H4/J; H4FJ; HIST1H4F; H4/C; H4FC; HIST1H4H; H4/H; H4FH; HIST1H4I; H4/M; H4FM; HIST1H4J; H4/E; H4FE; HIST1H4K; H4/D; H4FD; HIST1H4L; H4/K; H4FK

#### Dilution

WB~~WB 1:500-2000, IHC-p 1:50-300, IF 1:50-300

IHC-P~~N/A

IF~~WB 1:500-2000, IHC-p 1:50-300, IF 1:50-300

#### Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

#### Storage Conditions

-20°C

#### Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

##### Name

H4C1

##### Synonyms

H4/A, H4FA, HIST1H4A

##### Function

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

##### Cellular Location

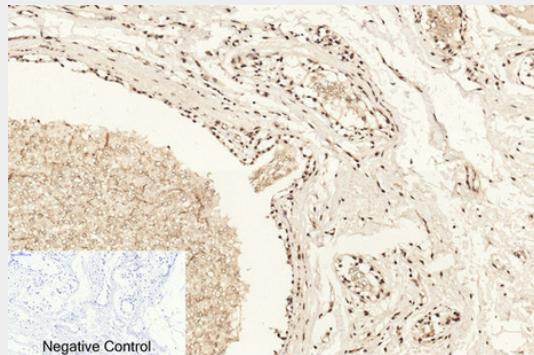
Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62806}. Chromosome. Note=Localized to the nucleus when acetylated in step 11 spermatids. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62806}

## Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

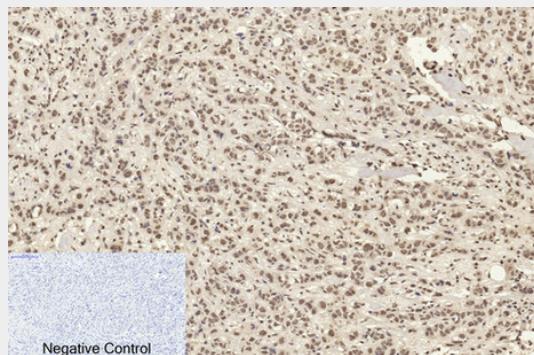
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

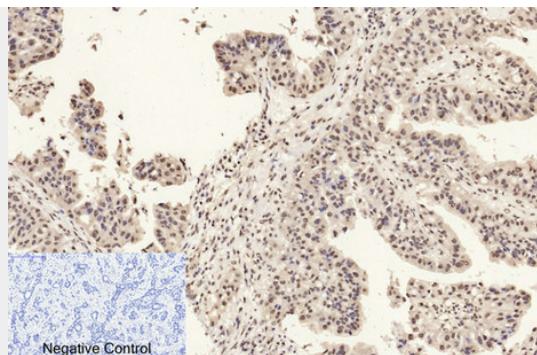
## Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Images



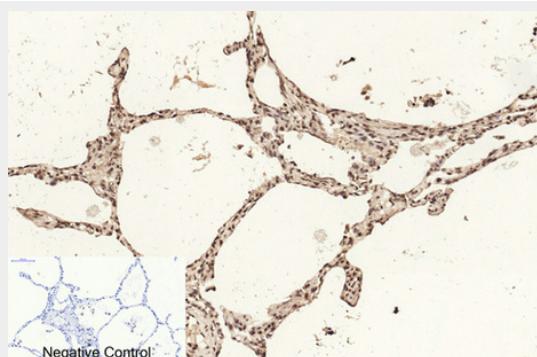
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-breast tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



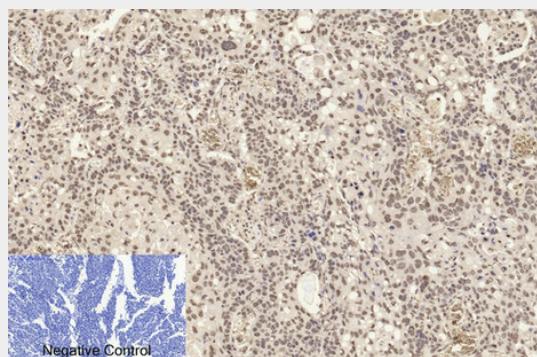
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-breast-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



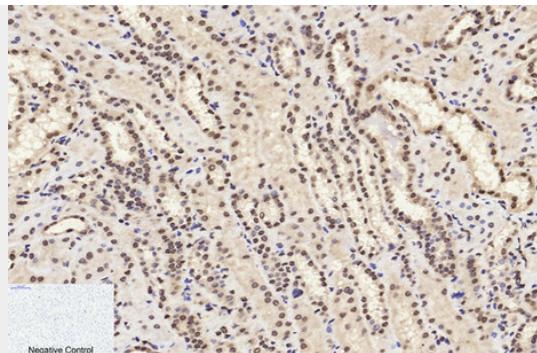
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



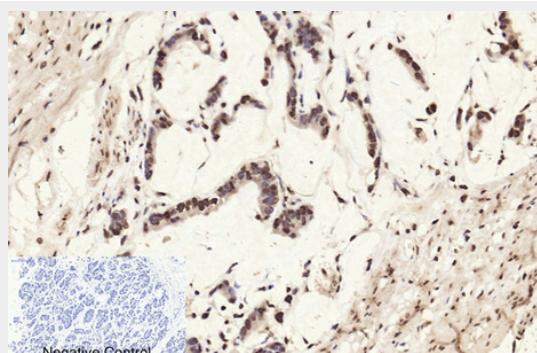
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



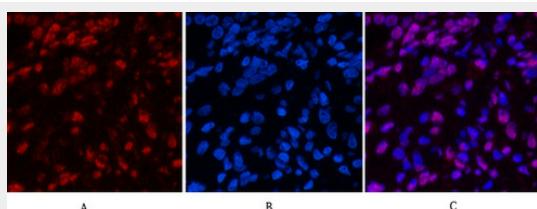
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



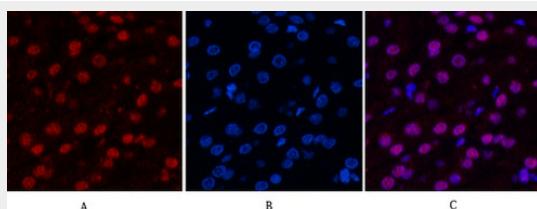
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-kidney-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



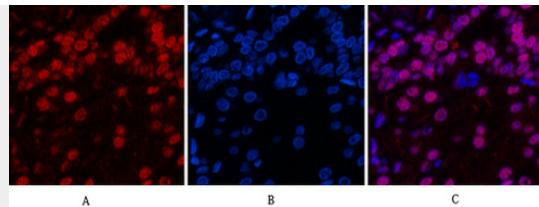
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-stomach-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



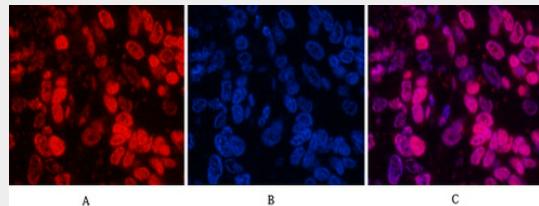
Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-kidney tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



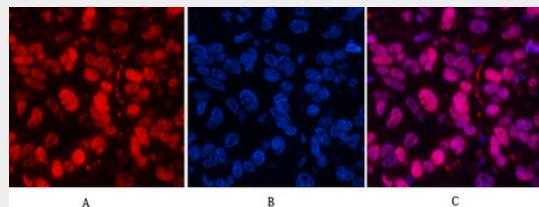
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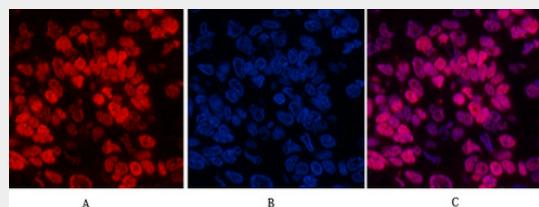
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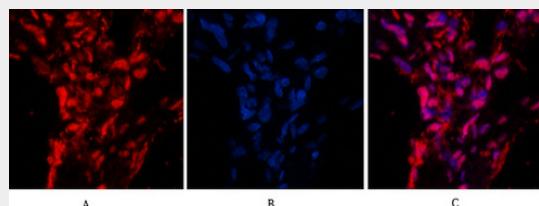
Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

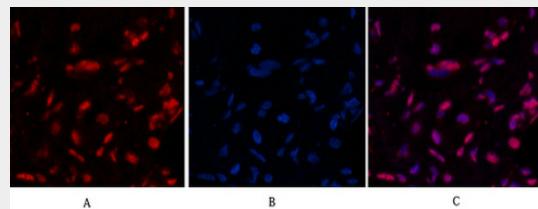


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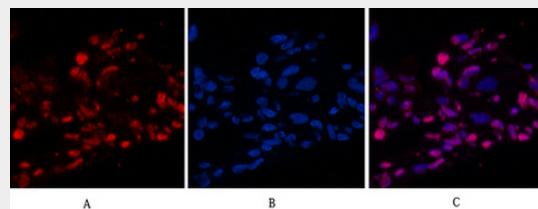


Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted

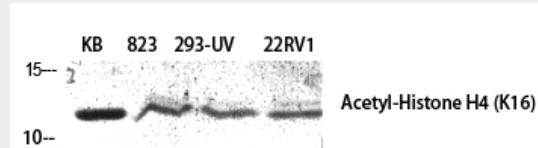
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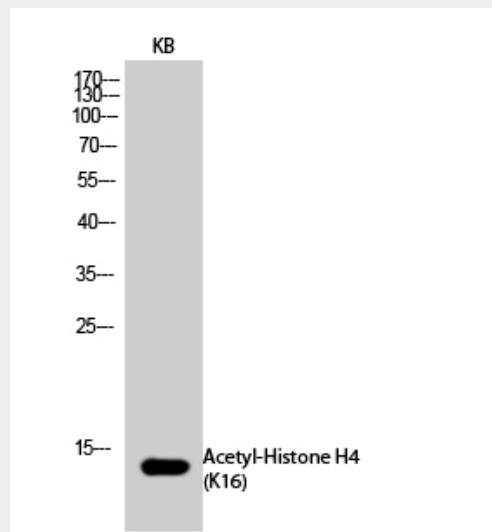
Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Acetyl-Histone H4 (K16) Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western Blot analysis of KB cells using Acetyl-Histone H4 (K16) Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

#### **Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.