

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6)
Catalog # AP63311**Specification**

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession	Q99626
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 1045**Other Names**

CDX2; CDX3; Homeobox protein CDX-2; CDX-3; Caudal-type homeobox protein 2

Dilution

WB~~WB: 1:1000 IHC: 1:200 IF 1:200

IHC-P~~N/A

IF~~WB: 1:1000 IHC: 1:200 IF 1:200

Format

PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Protein Information**Name** CDX2**Synonyms** CDX3**Function**

Transcription factor which regulates the transcription of multiple genes expressed in the intestinal epithelium (By similarity). Binds to the promoter of the intestinal sucrase-isomaltase SI and activates SI transcription (By similarity). Binds to the DNA sequence 5'-ATAAAACTTAT-3' in the promoter region of VDR and activates VDR transcription (By similarity). Binds to and activates transcription of LPH (By similarity). Activates transcription of CLDN2 and intestinal mucin MUC2 (By similarity). Binds to the 5'-AATTTTTTACAACACCT-3' DNA sequence in the promoter region of CA1 and activates CA1 transcription (By similarity). Important in broad range of functions from early differentiation to maintenance of the intestinal epithelial lining of both the small and large intestine. Binds preferentially to methylated DNA (PubMed:28473536).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P43241}.

Tissue Location

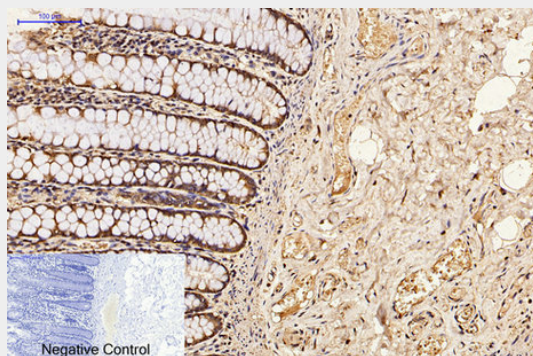
Detected in small intestine, colon and pancreas.

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Protocols

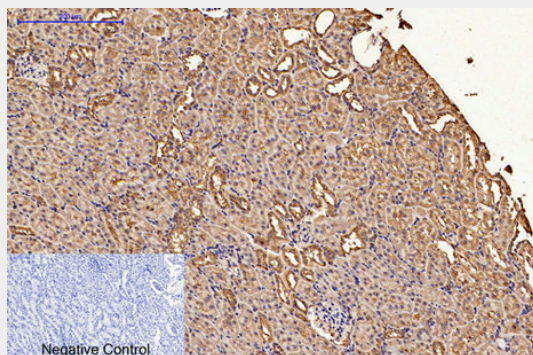
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

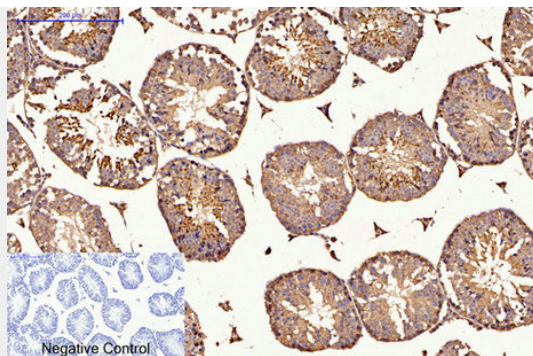
CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Images



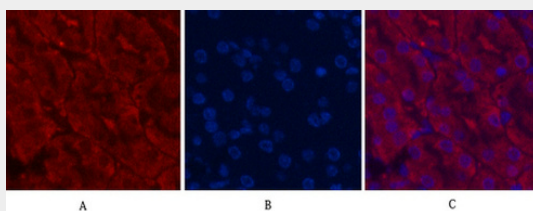
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-colon tissue. 1,CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



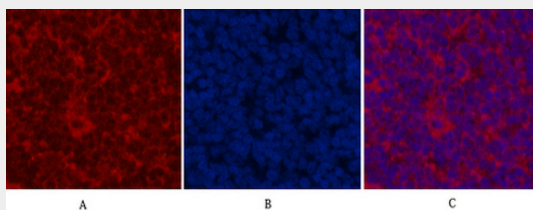
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1,CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



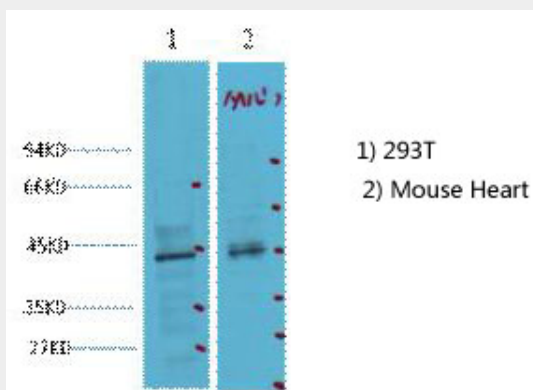
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-testis tissue. 1,CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse-kidney tissue. 1,CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Rat-spleen tissue. 1,CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Western blot analysis of 1) 293T, 2) Mouse Heart tissue, diluted at 1:2000. cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



IHC staining of human rectal cancer tissue, diluted at 1:200.

CDX2 Monoclonal Antibody(14H6) - Background

Involved in the transcriptional regulation of multiple genes expressed in the intestinal epithelium. Important in broad range of functions from early differentiation to maintenance of the intestinal epithelial lining of both the small and large intestine. Binds preferentially to methylated DNA (PubMed:28473536).