

**KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AP63694****Specification****KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UGI6</a>
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3782**Other Names**

Small conductance calcium-activated potassium channel protein 3 (SK3) (SKCa 3) (SKCa3) (KCa2.3)

**Dilution**

IHC-P~N/A

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** KCNN3 ([HGNC:6292](#))**Synonyms** K3**Function**

Small conductance calcium-activated potassium channel that mediates the voltage-independent transmembrane transfer of potassium across the cell membrane through a constitutive interaction with calmodulin which binds the intracellular calcium allowing its opening (PubMed:[12808432](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12808432), PubMed:[20562108](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20562108), PubMed:[31155282](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31155282), PubMed:[36502918](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36502918)). The current is characterized by a voltage-independent activation, an intracellular calcium concentration increase-dependent activation and a single-channel conductance of 10 picosiemens (PubMed:[12808432](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12808432), PubMed:[20562108](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20562108), PubMed:[31155282](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31155282), PubMed:[36502918](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36502918)). Also

presents an inwardly rectifying current, thus reducing its already small outward conductance of potassium ions, which is particularly the case when the membrane potential displays positive values, above + 20 mV (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12808432" target="\_blank">12808432</a>). Activation is followed by membrane hyperpolarization. Thought to regulate neuronal excitability by contributing to the slow component of synaptic afterhyperpolarization (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, Z line {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58391}

#### **Tissue Location**

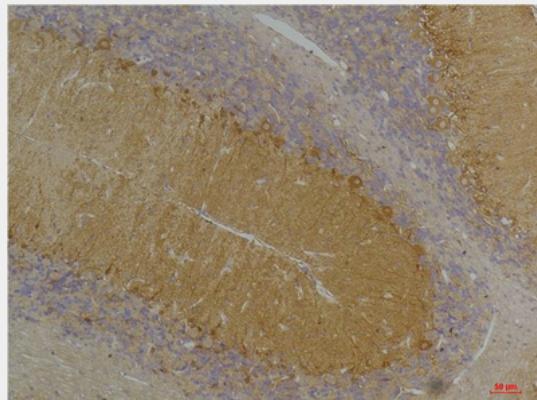
[Isoform 3]: Widely distributed in human tissues and is present at 20-60% of KCNN3 in the brain

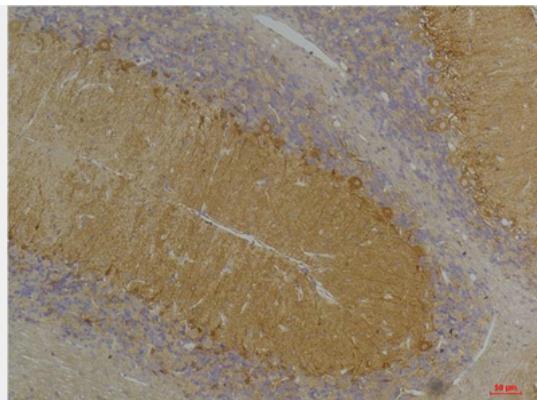
### **KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Images**



**KCNN3 (SK3) Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Forms a voltage-independent potassium channel activated by intracellular calcium. Activation is followed by membrane hyperpolarization. Thought to regulate neuronal excitability by contributing to the slow component of synaptic afterhyperpolarization. The channel is blocked by apamin.