

KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP63698

Specification

KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC-P Primary Accession Q9Y2W7

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 30818

Other Names

KCNIP3; CSEN; DREAM; KCHIP3; Calsenilin; A-type potassium channel modulatory protein 3; DRE-antagonist modulator; DREAM; Kv channel-interacting protein 3; KChIP3

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name KCNIP3

Synonyms CSEN, DREAM, KCHIP3

Function

Calcium-dependent transcriptional repressor that binds to the DRE element of genes including PDYN and FOS. Affinity for DNA is reduced upon binding to calcium and enhanced by binding to magnesium. Seems to be involved in nociception (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus. Nucleus. Note=Also membrane-bound, associated with the plasma membrane (PubMed:15485870). In the presence of PSEN2 associated with the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi. The sumoylated form is present only in the nucleus.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in brain. Widely expressed at lower levels. Expression levels are elevated in brain cortex regions affected by Alzheimer disease.

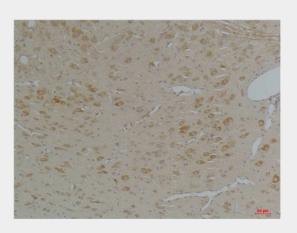


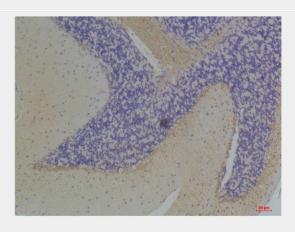
KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





KChIP3 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Calcium-dependent transcriptional repressor that binds to the DRE element of genes including PDYN and FOS. Affinity for DNA is reduced upon binding to calcium and enhanced by binding to magnesium. Seems to be involved in nociception (By similarity).