

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9)

Catalog # AP63723

Specification

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IF Primary Accession Q03181

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5467

Other Names

Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor delta (PPAR-delta) (NUCI) (Nuclear hormone receptor 1) (NUC1) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group C member 2) (Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor beta) (PPAR-beta)

Dilution

IHC-P~~N/A

IF~~IF: 1:50-200 IHC 1:100-200

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Protein Information

Name PPARD (HGNC:9235)

Synonyms NR1C2, PPARB

Function

Ligand-activated transcription factor key mediator of energy metabolism in adipose tissues (PubMed:35675826). Receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. Has a preference for poly-unsaturated fatty acids, such as gamma- linoleic acid and eicosapentanoic acid. Once activated by a ligand, the receptor binds to promoter elements of target genes. Regulates the peroxisomal beta-oxidation pathway of fatty acids. Functions as transcription activator for the acyl-CoA oxidase gene. Decreases expression of NPC1L1 once activated by a ligand.

Cellular Location

Nucleus.



Tissue Location

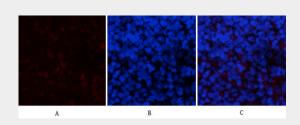
Ubiquitous with maximal levels in placenta and skeletal muscle

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Protocols

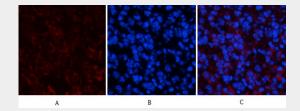
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

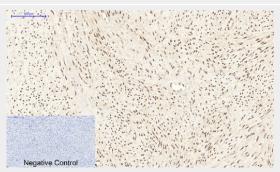
PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-spleen tissue. 1,PPAR Delta Mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



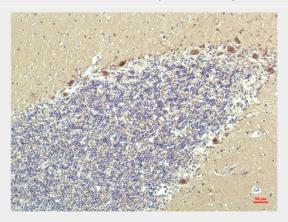
Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-spleen tissue. 1,PPAR Delta Mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



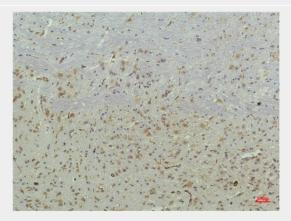
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-uterus tissue. 1,PPAR Delta Mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used



for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Brain Tissue using PPAR Delta Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse Brain Tissue using PPAR Delta Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.

PPAR Delta mouse Monoclonal Antibody(2F9) - Background

Ligand-activated transcription factor. Receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. Has a preference for poly-unsaturated fatty acids, such as gamma-linoleic acid and eicosapentanoic acid. Once activated by a ligand, the receptor binds to promoter elements of target genes. Regulates the peroxisomal beta-oxidation pathway of fatty acids. Functions as transcription activator for the acyl-CoA oxidase gene. Decreases expression of NPC1L1 once activated by a ligand.