

phospho-MLKL (\$358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4)

Catalog # AP63780

Specification

phospho-MLKL (S358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Product Information

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession Q8NB16
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal

phospho-MLKL (S358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Additional Information

Gene ID 197259

Other Names

MLKL

Dilution IHC-P~~N/A

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

phospho-MLKL (S358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Protein Information

Name MLKL {ECO:0000303|PubMed:22265413, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:26617}

Function

Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process (PubMed:22265413, PubMed: 22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Does not have protein kinase activity (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24316671"



target="_blank">24316671). In addition to TNF-induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following activation by ZBP1, MLKL is phosphorylated by RIPK3 in the nucleus, triggering disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol.following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Binds to highly phosphorylated inositol phosphates such as inositolhexakisphosphate (InsP6) which is essential for its necroptotic function (PubMed:29883610).

Cellular Location

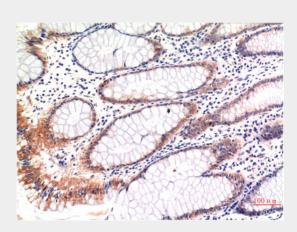
Cytoplasm. Cell membrane Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4}. Note=Localizes to the cytoplasm and translocates to the plasma membrane on necroptosis induction (PubMed:24316671). Localizes to the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24316671}

phospho-MLKL (\$358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

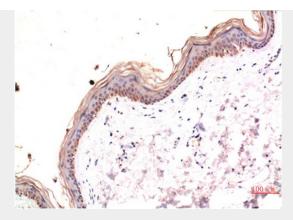
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

phospho-MLKL (\$358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Images

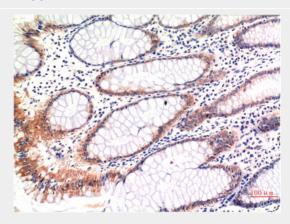


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Colon Carcinoma Tissue using Phospho-MLKL S358 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.

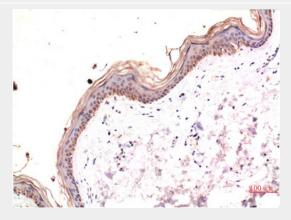




Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Skin Tissue using Phospho-MLKL S358 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Colon Carcinoma Tissue using Phospho-MLKL S358 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Skin Tissue using Phospho-MLKL S358 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.

phospho-MLKL (\$358) mouse Monoclonal Antibody(6B4) - Background

Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process. Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage. Does not have protein kinase activity (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Binds to highly phosphorylated inositol phosphates such as inositolhexakisphosphate (InsP6) which is essential for its necroptotic function (PubMed:29883610).