

VIP Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6554b

Specification

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
19169
139-167

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7432

Other Names

VIP peptides, Intestinal peptide PHV-42, Peptide histidine valine 42, Intestinal peptide PHM-27, Peptide histidine methioninamide 27, Vasoactive intestinal peptide, VIP, Vasoactive intestinal polypeptide, VIP

Target/Specificity

This VIP antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 139-167 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human VIP.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

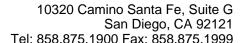
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

VIP Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name VIP (HGNC:12693)





Function [Vasoactive intestinal peptide]: VIP is a neuropeptide involved in a diverse array of physiological processes through activating the PACAP subfamily of class B1 G protein-coupled receptors: VIP receptor 1 (VPR1) and VIP receptor 2 (VPR2) (PubMed:<u>1318039</u>, PubMed:<u>36385145</u>, PubMed:<u>8933357</u>). Abundantly expressed throughout the CNS and peripheral nervous systems where they primarily exert neuroprotective and immune modulatory roles (PubMed:<u>3456568</u>). Also causes vasodilation, lowers arterial blood pressure, stimulates myocardial contractility, increases glycogenolysis and relaxes the smooth muscle of trachea, stomach and gall bladder (PubMed:<u>15013843</u>).

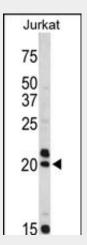
Cellular Location Secreted.

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

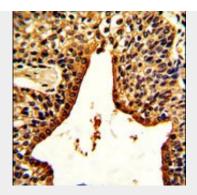
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Images

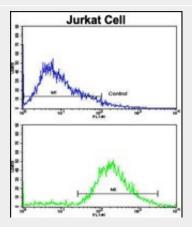


Western blot analysis of VIP antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6554b) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). VIP (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma with VIP Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Flow cytometric analysis of jurkat cells using VIP Antibody (C-term)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

VIP Antibody (C-term) - Background

VIP belongs to the glucagon family. It stimulates myocardial contractility, causes vasodilation, increases glycogenolysis, lowers arterial blood pressure and relaxes the smooth muscle of trachea, stomach and gall bladder.

VIP Antibody (C-term) - References

Lu,Y., Neurogastroenterol. Motil. 21 (7), 754-E47 (2009) Zhu,L., Int J Gynaecol Obstet 105 (3), 223-225 (2009)