

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6627A**Specification**

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	IHC-P, WB, FC,E
Primary Accession	P21796
Other Accession	Q9Z2L0 , Q9TT15 , Q9MZ16 , Q60932 , P45879 , A0A6P7EFR0
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine, Pig, Rabbit, Rat, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1-30

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 7416**Other Names**

Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1, VDAC-1, hVDAC1, Outer mitochondrial membrane protein porin 1, Plasmalemmal porin, Porin 31HL, Porin 31HM, VDAC1, VDAC

Target/Specificity

This VDAC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human VDAC1.

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:50~100

WB~~1:8000

FC~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name VDAC1 ([HGNC:12669](#))

Synonyms VDAC

Function Non-selective voltage-gated ion channel that mediates the transport of anions and cations through the mitochondrion outer membrane and plasma membrane (PubMed:[10661876](#), PubMed:[11845315](#), PubMed:[18755977](#), PubMed:[30061676](#), PubMed:[8420959](#)). The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis (PubMed:[10661876](#), PubMed:[11845315](#), PubMed:[18755977](#), PubMed:[8420959](#)). It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV (PubMed:[10661876](#), PubMed:[18755977](#), PubMed:[8420959](#)). The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective (PubMed:[18755977](#), PubMed:[8420959](#)). Binds various signaling molecules, including the sphingolipid ceramide, the phospholipid phosphatidylcholine, and the sterols cholesterol and oxysterol (PubMed:[18755977](#), PubMed:[31015432](#)). In depolarized mitochondria, acts downstream of PRKN and PINK1 to promote mitophagy or prevent apoptosis; polyubiquitination by PRKN promotes mitophagy, while monoubiquitination by PRKN decreases mitochondrial calcium influx which ultimately inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:[32047033](#)). May participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis (PubMed:[15033708](#), PubMed:[25296756](#)). May mediate ATP export from cells (PubMed:[30061676](#)). Part of a complex composed of HSPA9, ITPR1 and VDAC1 that regulates mitochondrial calcium-dependent apoptosis by facilitating calcium transport from the ER lumen to the mitochondria intermembrane space thus providing calcium for the downstream calcium channel MCU that directly releases it into mitochondria matrix (By similarity). Mediates cytochrome c efflux (PubMed:[20230784](#)).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane raft; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Found in a complex with HSPA9 and VDAC1 at the endoplasmic reticulum- mitochondria contact sites.
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2L0}

Tissue Location

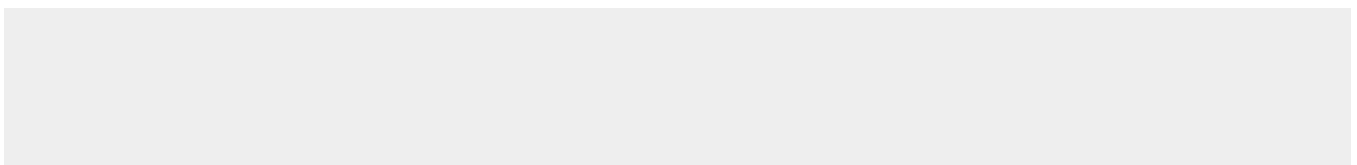
Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27641616). Expressed in heart, liver and skeletal muscle (PubMed:8420959).

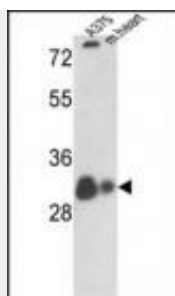
VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

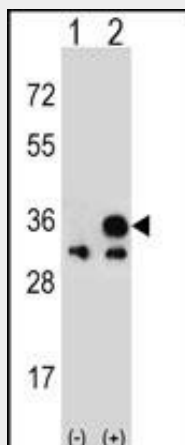
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Images

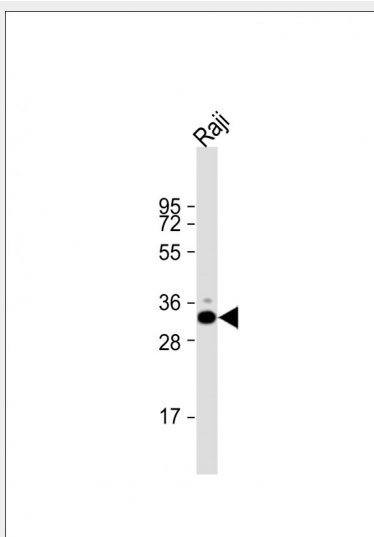




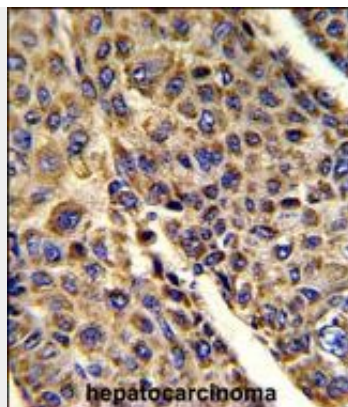
Western blot analysis of VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP6627a) in A375 cell line and mouse heart tissue lysates (35ug/lane). VDAC1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



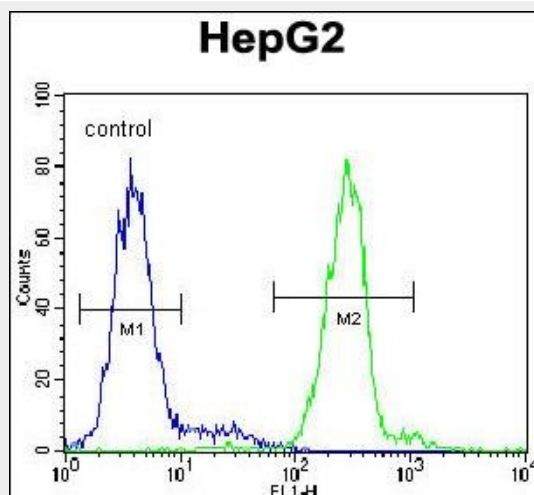
Western blot analysis of VDAC1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP6627a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the VDAC1 gene.



Anti-VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:8000 dilution + Raji whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma reacted with VDAC1 Antibody (N-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP6627a) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

VDAC1 forms a channel through the mitochondrial outer membrane and also the plasma membrane. The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis. It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV. The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective. The protein may participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis.

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Shoshan-Barmatz, V., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1787 (5), 421-430 (2009)
Hiller, S., Science 321 (5893), 1206-1210 (2008)

VDAC1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [Mechanisms Underlying the Effects of Lianhua Qingwen on Sepsis-Induced Acute Lung Injury: A Network Pharmacology Approach](#)
- [Abnormal alpha-synuclein reduces nigral voltage-dependent anion channel 1 in sporadic and experimental Parkinson's disease.](#)

