

# Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68377

### Specification

# Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

WB, IHC-P, IF <u>P15121</u> Human, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

## Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 231

### Other Names AKR1B1; ALDR1; Aldose reductase; AR; Aldehyde reductase; Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B1

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

### Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name AKR1B1

Synonyms ALDR1, ALR2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17368668

### Function

Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a wide variety of carbonyl-containing compounds to their corresponding alcohols. Displays enzymatic activity towards endogenous metabolites such as aromatic and aliphatic aldehydes, ketones, monosacharides, bile acids and xenobiotics substrates. Key enzyme in the polyol pathway, catalyzes reduction of glucose to sorbitol during hyperglycemia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1936586" target="\_blank">1936586</a>). Reduces steroids and their derivatives and prostaglandins. Displays low enzymatic activity toward all-trans-retinal, 9-cis-retinal, and 13-cis- retinal (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12732097" target="\_blank">12732097</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19010934" target="\_blank">19010934</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8343525" target="\_blank">8343525</a>). Catalyzes the



reduction of diverse phospholipid aldehydes such as 1-palmitoyl-2- (5-oxovaleroyl)-sn -glycero-3-phosphoethanolamin (POVPC) and related phospholipid aldehydes that are generated from the oxydation of phosphotidylcholine and phosphatdyleethanolamides (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17381426" target="\_blank">17381426</a>). Plays a role in detoxifying dietary and lipid-derived unsaturated carbonyls, such as crotonaldehyde, 4-hydroxynonenal, trans-2-hexenal, trans-2,4-hexadienal and their glutathione-conjugates carbonyls (GS- carbonyls) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21329684" target="\_blank">21329684</a>).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

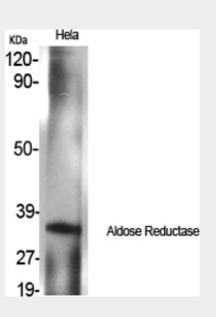
**Tissue Location** Highly expressed in embryonic epithelial cells (EUE) in response to osmotic stress.

## Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

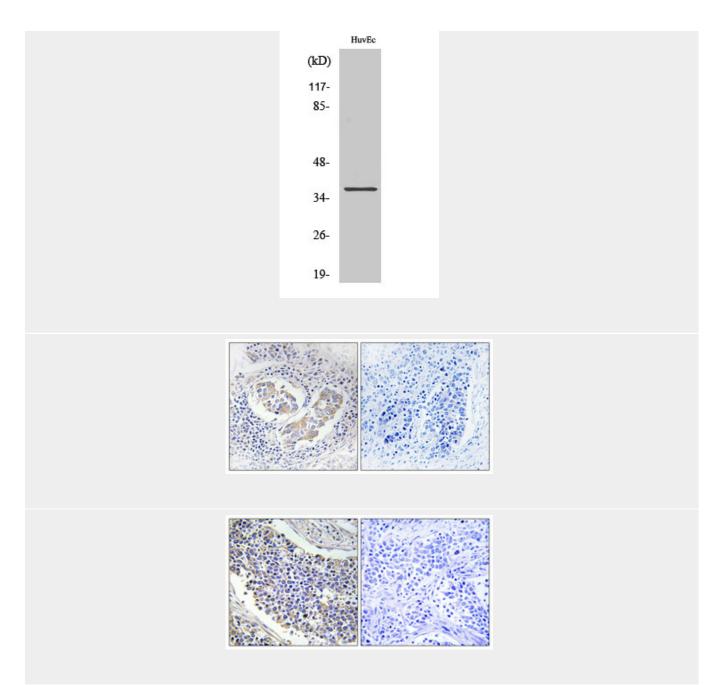
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Images







# Aldose Reductase Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a wide variety of carbonyl-containing compounds to their corresponding alcohols with a broad range of catalytic efficiencies.