

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP68710**Specification**

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9HCU9
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 25855**Other Names**

BRMS1; Breast cancer metastasis-suppressor 1

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** BRMS1**Function**

Transcriptional repressor. Down-regulates transcription activation by NF-kappa-B by promoting the deacetylation of RELA at 'Lys-310'. Promotes HDAC1 binding to promoter regions. Down-regulates expression of anti-apoptotic genes that are controlled by NF-kappa-B. Promotes apoptosis in cells that have inadequate adherence to a substrate, a process called anoikis, and may thereby inhibit metastasis. May be a mediator of metastasis suppression in breast carcinoma.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Predominantly nuclear.

Tissue Location

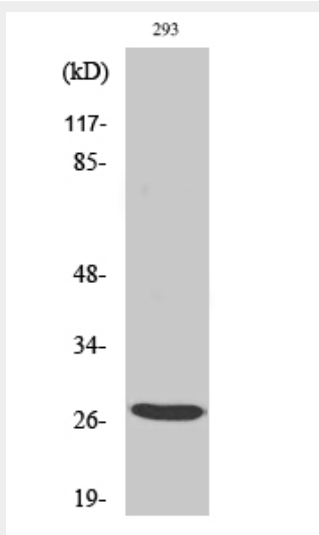
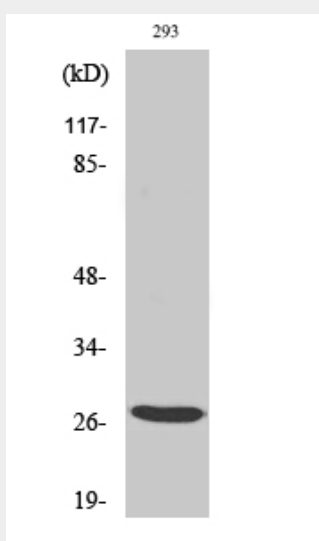
Expression levels are higher in term placentas than in early placentas. Low levels of expression observed in normal pregnancies and in molar pregnancies.

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Transcriptional repressor. Down-regulates transcription activation by NF-kappa-B by promoting the

deacetylation of RELA at 'Lys-310'. Promotes HDAC1 binding to promoter regions. Down- regulates expression of anti-apoptotic genes that are controlled by NF-kappa-B. Promotes apoptosis in cells that have inadequate adherence to a substrate, a process called anoikis, and may thereby inhibit metastasis. May be a mediator of metastasis suppression in breast carcinoma.