

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68982

Specification

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IF Primary Accession P30305

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 994

Other Names

CDC25B; CDC25HU2; M-phase inducer phosphatase 2; Dual specificity phosphatase Cdc25B

Dilution

WB $\sim\sim$ Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

IF~~1:50~200

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CDC25B

Synonyms CDC25HU2

Function

Tyrosine protein phosphatase which functions as a dosage- dependent inducer of mitotic progression (PubMed:1836978, PubMed:20360007). Directly dephosphorylates CDK1 and stimulates its kinase activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20360007"

target="_blank">20360007). Required for G2/M phases of the cell cycle progression and abscission during cytokinesis in a ECT2-dependent manner (PubMed:17332740). The three isoforms seem to have a different level of activity (PubMed:1836978).

Cellular Location



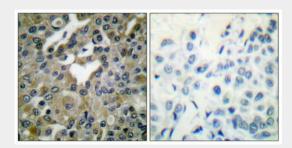
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°,overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

Cdc25B Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Tyrosine protein phosphatase which functions as a dosage-dependent inducer of mitotic progression. Required for G2/M phases of the cell cycle progression and abscission during cytokinesis in a ECT2-dependent manner. Directly dephosphorylates CDK1 and stimulates its kinase activity. The three isoforms seem to have a different level of activity.