

## **Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP69077** 

### **Specification**

## **Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P Primary Accession Q9NY61

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

## Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 26574** 

### **Other Names**

AATF; CHE1; DED; HSPC277; Protein AATF; Apoptosis-antagonizing transcription factor; Rb-binding protein Che-1

#### **Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

# **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

# **Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name AATF (HGNC:19235)

Synonyms CHE1, DED

### **Function**

Part of the small subunit (SSU) processome, first precursor of the small eukaryotic ribosomal subunit. During the assembly of the SSU processome in the nucleolus, many ribosome biogenesis factors, an RNA chaperone and ribosomal proteins associate with the nascent pre- rRNA and work in concert to generate RNA folding, modifications, rearrangements and cleavage as well as targeted degradation of pre- ribosomal RNA by the RNA exosome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34516797" target="\_blank">34516797</a>). May function as a general inhibitor of the histone deacetylase HDAC1. Binding to the pocket region of RB1 may displace HDAC1 from RB1/E2F complexes, leading to activation of E2F target genes and cell cycle progression. Conversely, displacement of HDAC1 from SP1 bound to the CDKN1A promoter leads to increased expression of this CDK inhibitor and blocks cell cycle progression. Also antagonizes PAWR mediated induction of aberrant amyloid peptide production in Alzheimer disease (presenile



and senile dementia), although the molecular basis for this phenomenon has not been described to date.

**Cellular Location** Nucleus, nucleolus

### **Tissue Location**

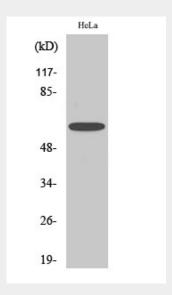
Ubiquitously expressed. Expressed at high levels in brain, heart, kidney, placenta and thymus

# **Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

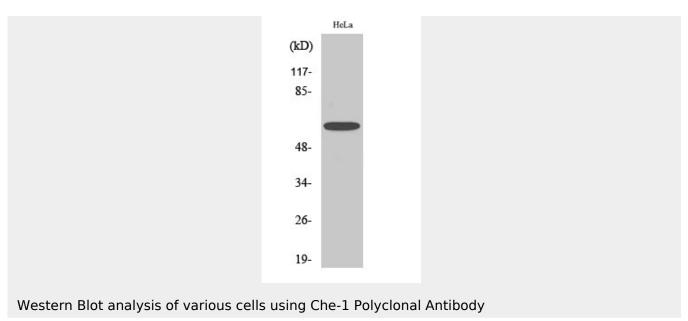
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody





Che-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

May function as a general inhibitor of the histone deacetylase HDAC1. Binding to the pocket region of RB1 may displace HDAC1 from RB1/E2F complexes, leading to activation of E2F target genes and cell cycle progression. Conversely, displacement of HDAC1 from SP1 bound to the CDKN1A promoter leads to increased expression of this CDK inhibitor and blocks cell cycle progression. Also antagonizes PAWR mediated induction of aberrant amyloid peptide production in Alzheimer disease (presenile and senile dementia), although the molecular basis for this phenomenon has not been described to date.